

Weather

Cloudy and misty today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 61.9 and the minimum 49.8, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 55.4 and 26.1.

THE CHINA PRESS

報 陸 大

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2220 VOL. VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China"

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1918

大正四年三月三日創刊號

10 CENTS

ADVANCED UNITS OF BRITISH FLEET SET OUT FOR KIEL

Mine-Sweepers Precede Principal Division To Clear Way To Base

INSPECT VESSELS

Surrendered German War ships Are Found To Be In Poor Condition

WERE NEGLECTED

U-Boats Moored Off Harwich Making A Path A Mile Long

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 25.—Today the advanced unit of the British fleet set out for Kiel from the great mine-sweeping and Q-boat base at Granton, near Edinburgh. It consisted of a flotilla of "the hunt class" of mine-sweepers comprising the flagship Muskerry, also the Cottermore, Cotswold, Pychley, Holderness, Tadworth, Garth and Haythorpe. These vessels will sweep a passage to Elnor Sound and for the blazer ships through the Baltic to Kiel Bay.

Inspecting German Armada
Meanwhile the inspection of the interned German armada is proceeding rapidly. The German destroyers today followed battleships to Scapa Flow and it is expected that by tomorrow the Fifth will be nearly clear of German ships. They are generally in a poor state through neglect and lack of paint for years. They have rust disfigured sides and funnels, while masts and bridges are blackened with soot. The German sailors presented an unseaman-like appearance, their clothes being dirty, and nondescript. The only ship in decent trim was the Derfflinger.

To the inspecting British officers the German lieutenants attempted to be affable. One smart fellow, who keenly felt his position, said: "This deplorable surrender will ruin the German navy for all time. It had no sea traditions to live up to like the British fleet and now we have only a dishonorable record and no man will want to serve in a disgraced service." The internal state of the battleships was on a par with the external. They smelt mouldy owing to stoppage of electric ventilation.

Long Avenue Of U-boats

Reuter's correspondent who visited "U-boat Avenue" off Harwich, where the surrendered submarines are lying, states that the Avenue is over a mile long, the submarines being moored on either side in batches of three and four. The officers of the submarines, when asked the whereabouts of their flag, said that their flag was the red one.

Reuter's correspondent visited one of the Deutschland type where he saw a blood-stained cat-o'-nine-tails, which a British sailor had found under the captain's bunk.

SEMENOFF DEMANDS KOLTCHAK'S DISMISSAL

Cossack Chief Sends Ultimatum But It Is Not Taken Seriously

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok, November 27.—It is reported here that Attaman Semenov has sent an ultimatum to the Siberian Government, stating that unless Admiral Koltchak is dismissed he will declare the Balkal and Far Eastern districts of Siberia autonomous territory, under the protection of the Foreign Powers. Attaman Semenov's novel assumption of dictatorial powers is not taken seriously here.

The local Jewish community has presented Sir Charles Elliot, British High Commissioner in Siberia, with an illuminated address on the occasion of the first anniversary of the proclamation by the British Government of the freedom of Palestine to the Jewish people.

General Allenby Who Humbled Turkey



GENERAL SIR E. ALLENBY

WORK OF RED CROSS IS FAR FROM FINISHED

Washington Telegraphs China Committee Efforts Must Not Lag Because Of Truce

The war is over but the American Red Cross is preparing to carry on for many months to come and from the War Council in Washington the call has been sounded for every chapter, branch and committee to put their every energy and resources behind the great work ahead. Especially in Siberia, where fighting continues and winter has set in, is there urgent need for assistance.

The following cable has just been received from Washington by the China Central Committee of the American Red Cross of which Mr. W. A. B. Nichols is chairman: "The long hoped for moment has arrived when the Red Cross must consider plans for post-war activities. Famine and distress will follow fast among civilian population and men in military service will require a great measure of care and protection during the weary months necessary preceding their home coming. The War Council most earnestly urges upon every Chapter, Branch and Auxiliary and individual members observance in the fullest degree of the solemn obligation now resting on the American Red Cross to carry on."

The Central Committee has also received a cable from the American Red Cross headquarters in Vladivostok advising that a total of 1,502 in various hospitals serving all nationalities are now being handled by the American Red Cross in Siberia, adding that 70,000 sweaters and 125,000 pairs of socks had already been delivered to the Czech soldiers and 400,000 sweaters and 600,000 pairs of socks were expected to arrive shortly from America for distribution. The knitted garments that are now required from China therefore consist of helmets, mufflers and mittens, on which concentration is asked.

The Central Committee here has received instructions to purchase winter clothing for refugees amounting to about \$100,000.

A large shipment of hospital supplies and refugee garments will go forward on the s.s. Simbirsk Friday.

Miss Francis Battey of Chungking has joined the Red Cross nursing service and will leave for Vladivostok on the same steamer.

Lancastrians Giving Celebration Dance

Observe Signing Of Armistice With Function At Astor House Tonight

A dance and dance in celebration of the signing of the armistice will be held at the Astor House tonight by the Association of Lancastrians in China. Sir Everard and Lady Dwyer have accepted invitations to attend and invitations have been extended to the presidents of the various British societies, and to men returned from the front. Members are privileged to invite friends as their guests.

Impressive Church Service Marks Thanksgiving Day

Cathedral Is Crowded For Official Observance Of American National Holiday

Holy Trinity Cathedral was filled to overflowing yesterday as the American community, with its officials and Allied friends, gathered for the annual Thanksgiving Day service.

The church was decorated with the Allied flags, with harvest fruits, flowers, and autumn leaves, and among the congregation the uniforms of the returned soldiers, navy men and officers and men of the local defense forces lent an appropriate and added color to an impressive scene.

Among the officials present for the ceremony were the Allied Consuls-General, including Mr. D. Siffert, Consul-General for Belgium; Sir Everard Fraser, for Great Britain; Mr. H. A. Wilden, for France; Mr. G. De Rossi, for Italy; Mr. A. Ariyoshi, for Japan; Mr. Y. Grosse, for Russia; Mr. J. D'Oliveira, for Portugal; Mr. Hugo Reiss, for Brazil; Mr. Thomas Sammons, for the United States, and Mr. W. W. Trautvold, Consul-General for Russia at Harbin. Mr. Ivan Chen, Foreign Commissioner, and other Chinese civil and military officials were also present and occupied the seats, together with the Consular General and the Allied commercial attaches and Allied judges, in the chancel of the Cathedral. The Consular staffs and wives of Consular and court officials, officers of American organizations, S.V.C. officers and their ladies, American bluejackets and American Company, S.V.C., occupied reserved seats along the central aisle of the church. The three front benches on the right of the aisle were occupied by the men who have returned to Shanghai from the front.

Music Opens Program

The services opened with the playing of MacDowell's composition de-

icated to the landing of the Pilgrim fathers, "A.D. 1620," Mr. H. B. Hurry, who accompanied throughout the music program, being at the organ. The choir and congregation joined in the singing of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and the invocation was then pronounced by the Rev. G. E. Fitch. All joined in the recitation of the Lord's Prayer and Bishop Murray led in the responsive reading of the 145th Psalm, beginning "I will magnify Thee, O God, my King."

The choir, composed of the combined choirs of the Cathedral and of Union Church, with additional voices, gave an inspiring rendition of Barnby's anthem, "O Lord how manifold are thy works."

Dean Walker read the lesson, the eighth chapter of Deuteronomy, and this was followed by two beautifully played 'cello solos by Mr. B. Sykora—the Arie Lotti and a 17th century English Largo by Eccles.

The first and the last Thanksgiving proclamations were read by Judge C. S. Lobingier, of the United States Court for China, who pointed out lines of similarity in theme and occasion in these proclamations of Washington and Wilson. The hymn "O beautiful for spacious skies" was then sung and the principal address followed, made by Mr. Charles R. Crane, member of the recent United States mission to Russia and a close personal friend of President Wilson.

Mr. Crane's Speech
"America has always had abundant cause for thanksgiving as a nation, but on no Thanksgiving Day since the time of the Pilgrim fathers has there been such reason for rendering thanks as there is this year," said Mr. Crane. "This year (Continued on Page 4)"

WILSON TO REMAIN IN FRANCE A MONTH

President Sails Next Week For Europe To Attend Peace Conference

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 27.—From Washington. According to an official statement, President Wilson will stay in France for about a month. His total absence from the States will be six weeks.

(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 27.—(Received at French Wireless Station).

President Wilson sails for Europe next week to attend the opening of the peace conference. He expects to return after the middle of January.

TO WELCOME KING GEORGE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 26.—Paris is ready to give the King of England a heartfelt welcome. King George is coming to convey congratulations to the President of France on the great victory of their joint armies. Paris will honor England and the British Empire.

U.S. Raises Embargo On Many Exports

War Trade Board Removes Restrictions On Hundreds Of Commodities

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 27.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The War Trade Board has relaxed restrictions on exports from the United States, removing from the export conservation list several hundred commodities, including various kinds of iron and steel, certain forms of machinery and tools, marine engines and instruments and appliances, dental and surgical instruments, locomotives, blast steel furnaces, hardware, including pipe, wire and nails, railroad building materials and certain appliances, chemicals, drugs, hair articles and manufactures from rubber. These go into effect immediately.

The War Industries Board also announced the withdrawal of all restrictions affecting publications, so far as the regulation of supplies was concerned.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT CALLED FOR JAN. 21

Bonar Law Among Speakers In Campaign For Choice Of New Legislature

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 25.—The King's proclamation provides for a new Parliament to meet on January 21, 1919.

Numerous election speeches were delivered this evening, including one by Mr. Bonar Law at Glasgow. He said that for the future of the world and for the sake of the nations which participated in the war, it was not less essential now than during the war that there should be the same good feeling among the nations that helped to win the war.

Dealing with criticisms concerning the holding of an election at the present juncture, Mr. Bonar Law emphasized that it was essential that the British representative at the Peace Conference should have the support of the whole country. He repeated that the Allied victory would have been impossible without the financial assistance of Great Britain, which ran a terrible risk.

Continuing, he said: "More than once we could only look a week or two ahead as the time during which we could meet our obligations. Yet we were right to run that risk for without success what was the use of gold as security or anything else?"

Mr. Bonar Law paid a warm tribute to the Indian troops. He stated further that 85 percent of the troops would be able to vote in the election.

London, November 26.—Sir Edward Carson has decided to stand for election in a Belfast division instead of Dublin University.

Colonel Lynch has been adopted as Labor candidate for South Battersea.

A growing feeling is manifesting itself in different parts of the country in favor of a freer hand in regard to local selection of candidates. Mr. Lloyd George has been urged to take the matter in hand in order to prevent unnecessary wounding of local susceptibilities.

The Times, publishing a list of hundreds of candidates, remarks that their quality is far less remarkable than their quantity.

Salvaging War Material



American soldiers salvaging war material picked up on the battlefield. A vast amount of this work is now in progress.

Hurrah For Chuchow!

China Press Correspondence

Chuchow, Anhui, November 24.—No one seems to have a copy-right on joy. Big and little cities throughout the Allied world are rejoicing together over the victory in Europe to which each country in smaller or larger part has contributed. Chuchow is small but there is something fine about the way the entire people get together in a celebration. On the same days that Shanghai was putting forth such an elaborate program Chuchow covered her streets with flags and blocked them with arches and pavilions.

On the 22nd, 750 school children in line and twice as many citizens gathered on the grounds of the Pagoda school singing China's national air, waving the flags of all the Allied countries and listened to some remarkably fine addresses. Prof. J. Leighton Stuart, of the Nanjing School of Theology was the guest of honor and made the principal address. With all the power of his knowledge of the Chinese language he preached the principles underlying the Allied cause and the work that must be done throughout the world in reconstruction.

The District Magistrate appeared in full regimentals, as also did the commanders of the government troops and of the Railroad Police. The magistrate in a short speech roughly gave President Wilson's outline of the reasons for which America entered into the war. Moments of the occasion in the shape of two small silk flags, one the Chinese flag and the other of white silk inscribed with the name of the local Red Cross branch were presented to the principal guests.

Following the afternoon meeting the magistrate borrowed one of the foreign homes near the grounds and gave a feast in honor of Prof. Stuart to about 30 people. In the evening all of the schools and many other citizens joined in a lantern parade through the principal streets. Several floats with children dressed in ancient costumes were a feature of the lantern parade. The march was led by soldiers with their bugles in front. Until nearly midnight the crowds hung about the school grounds watching beautiful fireworks.

On the 23rd, all the schools once more gathered on the Pagoda school grounds and each in turn presented gymnastic and military drills. The Christian Girls' School led out in a drill with pinwheels used instead of dumb bells. The Government Girls' School was nearly as fine giving dumb bell drill, a motion song by the kindergarten and a circular drill by the older girls. The most attractive feature was a sham battle by the boys of one of the boys' schools. Their guns were of wood but they shot off strings of firecrackers sufficient to make one feel as though a real battle was in progress. A squad of boys was told off to each belligerent nation. One Allied country after another was hurled at Central Europe until victory was won. As soldiers dropped to the ground the nurse force of the Christian Hospital here rushed out with stretchers and brought them to the rear. The end came with all of the impending forces, included the wounded and dead, marching in circle about the grounds singing the song of victory.

We asked the magistrate what he considered was the value of such a celebration to the city. "They will know the reasons for the war and learn something of the part they themselves must take in really gaining the things for which the Allies fought," he answered. "It will make them realize that China is no longer an isolated nation and that the part which China plays in the world in the future will depend upon the people of China." As one foreigner remarked, "If the magistrate practices what he preaches he will be a remarkable man."

To us foreigners who took part in the celebration there was a pleasure in realizing how much the people in the city are being knit together and what a very definite part in the city welfare is the missionary work. No longer shunned and hated, we are welcome participants in every forward movement in the city—and even though the city has but 15,000 people, it is showing marks of progress much in excess of many cities of five times its size.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT TO FIND JOBS FOR MEN

Federal Employment Service Placed All Over Country To Help In Reconstruction

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 27.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The Department of Labor has arranged to have representatives of the federal employment service all over the country to find suitable employment for men out of work through after-war readjustments.

FRENCH OFFICERS ARRIVE IN WARSAW

General D'Esperey Sends Delegation Which Is Warmly Welcomed By Poles

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 27.—From Zurich. The Posen Journal states that the D'Esperey-Poznanowski announces that some French officers sent by General Franchet d'Esperey recently arrived in Warsaw, where they were the object of a very warm welcome on the part of the Polish.

MOVEMENT GROWS IN GERMANY FOR EMPIRE'S BREAK-UP

Separatists In South Agitating For Overthrow Of Berlin's Authority

SPLIT IS WIDENING

Conflict Between Extreme Socialists And Moderates Coming To Head

SOVIETS OPPOSED

Navy And Southern Elements Refuse Support To Spartacus Group

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 25.—Berlin newspapers emphasize the growing political complications throughout Germany. Separatist movements aimed at overthrowing Berlin's authority are becoming more pronounced in South Germany, North-west Germany and in the Rhine provinces. South German representatives have declared their hostility towards the Spartacus policy.

Negotiations are stated to be proceeding between the various non-Prussian governments in which German-Austria is participating. In the meantime sympathizers with the old order of things are not concealing their sentiments.

Old Regime Bides Its Time

The Vorwarts states that the well-known General Sixt von Arnim, Chief of the 4th Army at Aachen, declared that he would create divisions in the Soviet ranks and re-establish the old regime. Similar views are publicly or secretly voiced in other Rhine towns.

Copenhagen, November 25.—A conference of representatives of German Federal States has met in Berlin. Herr Eisner, President of Bavaria, vigorously denounced Dr. Solf and Herr Erbsberger, who, he said, were deeply compromised as representatives of the old regime.

Copenhagen, November 25.—It is expected that the German National Assembly will meet at Frankfurt immediately the Bolsheviks are completely routed.

A message from Bremen states that the crews of the warships at Kiel have passed a resolution condemning the Berlin extremists.

Telegrams report terrible scenes of distress on the Russo-German frontier among destitute Russian and German prisoners tramping homeward.

The Vorwarts, referring to the revelations of the Bavarian Government, vehemently denounces the Berlin Government's duplicity.

Separate States Can't Evade Payment

London, November 25.—In connection with the movement for the division of Germany into its various States, ruled as republics, the Westminster Gazette, referring to the possibility that in the course of the peace negotiations, the Allies may be faced with a situation in which the legal personality of Germany may have undergone a complete change and Germany, like Austria, has been blown to fragments, says: "That cannot be allowed to alter the main fact of the situation, namely, that Germany as a whole must be held responsible for the consequences of the war and the German States, whatever their form, must pay the bill."

London, November 26.—The Daily Chronicle, commenting on the chaos in Germany, warns the German people that they must themselves establish a responsible Government, otherwise the Allies will have no alternative but reluctantly to occupy Germany indefinitely until all difficulties have been cleared up. How Rhine Cities Will Be Held

Paris, November 26.—By the armistice terms the Allies are to hold the entire west bank of the Rhine in addition to three bridge-heads on the east bank. The American Army will occupy Coblenz, the British Cologne and the French Mayence.

Marshal Pétain made his official entry into Strasbourg yesterday

afternoon. With the recovery of this old Alsatian fortress the stain of 1870 has been expunged from the escutcheon of France. Alsace and Lorraine threw themselves into the arms of the Motherland. There was no talk of plebiscite or autonomy. The French troops at Strasbourg passed through the Place Kleber to the Place de la République, where they defiled in magnificent column past Marshal Foch amid scenes of emotion. A short service was held in the Cathedral.

The emblems of mourning have been removed from the monument to Strasbourg in the Place de la Concorde in Paris.

Paris, November 26.—It is stated that the German mission which will take part in the coming peace preliminaries will not be lodged in Paris but in the environs of the capital.

2,000 French prisoners of war from Germany have arrived in Paris from Darmstadt. Over a hundred thousand others are making their way home on foot.

Advertisements must still be suppressed in all copies of French newspapers sent to foreign countries.

FRENCH ENTER HAGENAU (French Wireless)

Lyons, November 27.—A message from Haguenau says that General Gerard, commanding the 8th Army, made a solemn entry on Tuesday afternoon into Haguenau at the head of his troops. The population welcomed our soldiers with enthusiasm. Speeches were made by members of the Municipal Council and by delegations of the corporations of the town. A band played the national hymn during the reception. They welcomed the presence of General Dupont, a native of Haguenau, and paid homage to the work done by another native of the district, M. Joseph Thierry, who died recently. Reorganise Alsace-Lorraine Bonds.

Lyons, November 27.—The re-organisation of the railways in Alsace and Lorraine is being rapidly accomplished. The tracks and signalling instruments show only small signs of deterioration. Without being able to fix a definite date, the Eastern Railway Company will open the lines to traffic as soon as the material at its disposal permits. Already traffic has been resumed between Metz and Nancy. The line between Paris and Strasbourg will be in working order in about a week.

AUSTRALIA MUST SELL MILLION TONS OF WHEAT

Permission Asked For Official Board To Enter World Markets With Grain

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Melbourne, November 25.—Mr. William Watt has called to Mr. Hughes saying that in view of the fact that another wheat harvest is due, requiring payment to growers of at least £10 millions, the Wheat Board thinks it desirable to sell one million tons of wheat at a minimum price of 57d. per bushel, provided Australia is permitted to compete in the world's markets and the whole of the South African and Eastern markets are reserved for the disposal of the balance.

Music Department Of Club Meets Today

The Musical Department of the American Women's Club will meet at 8 p.m. today at the Carlton when a paper on French opera will be read and a program of selections from various of the operas will be played. The selections will be given by Mr. F. J. Blom, Mrs. G. F. Ashley, Mrs. F. D. Drake, Mrs. Taylor and a trio composed of Dr. Billingham, violin; Mr. Evans, violin, and Mrs. Darrell Drake, piano.

How Will Armistice Affect Russia? Vladivostok Asks

Departure Of Allied Troops From Siberia Would Be
Regarded As A Calamity

By Olive, Giltbreath
(Special Correspondence)

Vladivostok, November 21.—Shanghai is said to be the engaging passage on the trans-Siberian for Petrograd and Moscow. If this is the case, Shanghai is a more cheerful optimist than Vladivostok—or a better gambler. For almost a year, Vladivostok has been a waiting-room for Russia. Every day certain figures sit at certain tables in the Golden Horn—rechristened by the Americans the Solitary Dog—in Calcutta, and in the little Bolshevik cafe regressed by the French officers. And they have been sitting since last February, when the supposed onslaught of the Germans blew the Americans and British out of Russia, sitting and waiting for the road to open and the chance to return.

The magnets at the other end of the trans-Siberian are varied; every man has a pull of some sort which makes him watch the road like a hawk waiting the signal for his first "over the top." Some of the men are trying to return to families dismembered and scattered nobody knows whither; Russian wives and children either too big to escape military supervision or too small to risk on a foodless road such as the trans-Siberian of last February. All have left business interests or houses or buried gold. Some are speculators. Manchouli owns the largest collection of the latter named, ready to race across the border as the establishment of a branch of the Russo-Asiatic Banque suggests; at this unimportant station—Armenians, South Americans and adventurers gathered from all over the world. Vladivostok is by no means short of interest in the trans-Siberian, in fact, although the opening of the Black Sea and the Baltic has shifted something of the interest westward, and one hears talk now of crossing by America, the Atlantic and Archangel or by India. Probably no road has ever been watched more ceaselessly or more warily than that thin line of steel across the steppe.

And it still is watched warily. If there is anybody in the world "on his toes" to start for Moscow and Petrograd it is Vladivostok. Significant then the absence of any signs of departure toward Russia. Nobody knows what the armistice will mean in Russia. The conjectures are of the widest range. The Russian seems to anticipate a new reign of Red Terror in which Trotsky may indulge his fantasies to the uttermost. And the recent limit has been of a terrible recklessness which the outside world seems not to grasp; arrest and trial have been banished and any soldier may shoot

down on the instant any anti-Bolshevik or suspect of the counter-revolution. The aim of the Bolsheviks now seems to be the utter obliteration of all mind in Russia, the annihilation of all organising intelligence, all leadership of any order, leaving only the "black hundred."

That this piece of colossal wickedness against a nation and its national life is the desire to blot out its light and render it futile and hopeless, is without any doubt, a piece of the grand German extravaganza. Under the terms of the armistice, Germany is bound to withdraw her army and her agents from Russia. The question however is: With her German-organised Bolsheviks and her still undiscovered agents will she be able still to oppose the Allies and suck Russia dry and lifeless? There can be no doubt that Germany means to fight for Russia commercially as ingeniously and persistently as she fought in France. And for this her great weapon is chaos. How much will the effect of her favorite scheme to render Russia a huge mass of protoplasm for which she supplies nerves and brain?

What the outcome will be in Russia, at least, the immediate outcome, turns upon the attitude of the Allies. And the Allies may differ as regards this land of midnight chaos. England and France did not promise to withdraw troops with the signing of the terms of peace and it seems likely that they will not that America will. Certainly they will not if the word of the British officer swings the decision for in the opinion of the British officer, "Russia will never pull out of the hole herself and now that we're in, we'll see her through if it takes thirty years." From whom the British officer sees authority descending "to see her through if it takes thirty years to do it," is irrelevant; which is Russian for unknown. Whether the British Tommy, who signed for the war, for six months after and no more, will be possessed with this industrious attitude toward Russia is still more irrelevant. There are those who doubt that he will. The British Tommy is not the Tommy of the old army but a British citizen and he is going home to have a large say in where he shall go and where he will not go. The attitude of the British Government back of British Tommy will hinge on the proportion of its labor elements to its conservative elements. Unless England has completely changed her spots, however, it may be said that a large, disordered land in which is sunk much British capital, will tempt her sorely to take a hand in its reform. To Vladivostok, America is the

dark horse. Which way will her troops fly—east or west—or will they not fly at all, but remain in Siberia? Will America see in Russia a land to be saved from an almost certain domination by Germany and turn her hand against the present anarchy? Or will she reiterate her attitude about "interfering in internal affairs," pick her khaki out of the land and sail home leaving the Russians to their own devices. The German, rather the devices of the Japanese, are already withdrawing but they still have three or four times the number of American troops in Siberia.

There are those who believe that the Bolsheviks will be disorganized after a few months, out of ammunition and will melt like snow in a spring thaw. But the greater number of Russia-lovers would see the withdrawal of the Allied troops with nothing less than despair. It is too early to know what the overthrow of the Directorate of Five at Omsk and the establishment of Admiral Kolchak as practical Dictator will bring in its train. The feeling in American circles here is that any swing toward the old regime will only prolong the struggle for a stable government, since, in American opinion, any permanent government in Siberia must be extremely republican in character.

Whatever may be anticipated in the farther future, the next few months offer serious obstacles on the road to Petrograd. There is still strong opposition to the Czechs on the Cui front; they have been withdrawing steadily toward the east and patrols pushing out toward the European Russia side have met strong forces. British troops are reported at Ufa but there has been no change for the better on the east since the signing of the armistice. The cafes may lose their patrons but they seem more likely to retain them until at least the New Year.

Sims To Be Granted Rank Of Full Admiral

Commander Of American Fleet
In European Waters To
Get Promotion

(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 27.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Vice-Admiral Sims, commander of the American Navy in European waters, will be promoted to the rank of admiral when a vacancy is created next month by the retirement of Admiral Knight. Rear Admiral Gleaves, chief of the convoy service, which guarded the transports of American troops overseas without the loss of a single east-bound ship, will be made a vice-admiral. Rear Admiral Rodgers will succeed Admiral Knight in the command of the Asiatic fleet.

Benefit At Isis

Artists of the Yiddish Operette Company, assisted by local talent, will give a benefit performance for Mme. B. Bleichman, of the Yiddish company, at the Isis Theater Sunday commencing at 9 p.m. The program includes an operette in one act, songs and comedy. Boxes are \$10 and reserved seats \$2 and \$1.

THE NEW VENICE

Room 304, Astor House.
The show of MANILA EMBROIDERIES, "Ladies Undergarments, Children Dresses." Will be reopened for three days on Thursday next, November 28th from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Special novelties, Laces and Xmas gifts.

20261

★ ★ THE VENUS ★ ★ FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Fire and Marine Policies are issued at lowest current rates. Branch offices are located in all principal cities of China.
Head Office: 127 Szechuen Road

PAY BY CHECK

Paying by check is a simple, easy method of keeping track of every expenditure made from day to day.

The cancelled checks as returned to you each month by this bank are RECEIPTS, the stubs in your checkbook an accurate ACCOUNT of every dollar spent.

Even months from now you can go back to your checkbook and know at a glance to whom and for what you've paid out money.

If you pay cash there's always a chance of losing the money—in which case it's a dead loss. If you lose a check it's worthless to the finder—or to make doubly sure you can easily order payment on it stopped.

Adopt the pay-by-check system in meeting personal and household bills. Saves time, trouble, worry and money for you.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15, NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

CARS FOR SALE NEW AND SECONDHAND

All the well-known makes

2, 4, 6 & 8 Cylinders

TRIAL TRIPS
may be arranged
by appointment

Phone:
Central 402

AUTO CASTLE: 228, Avenue Joffre (opposite French Fire Station)

Residences For Sale

Newly built modern houses for sale
on terms to suit purchasers.

LAND FOR SALE

In all parts of Settlement suitable for
MILLS, FACTORIES,
RESIDENCES.

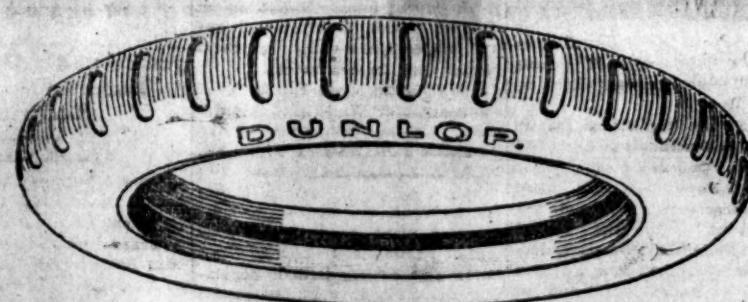
Central District Property For Sale

FOR INVESTMENT

We have for sale residential property,
very attractive for investors.

Fire Insurance
Motor Car Insurance
China Realty Co., Ltd.

[Nanking and Kiangsee Roads]



Men Who Give "Service"
Want "Service."

You pride yourself on running your business efficiently and so do we. We want every new customer to become a "regular" just exactly as you do.

It's a square deal between us, then.

That's how we want you to buy your tyres.—We say Dunlop Tyres are the most efficient tyres obtainable, and it's up to you to prove this fact for yourself now. Nobody ever has told the Dunlop Company that they didn't give their customers a straight deal, and nobody ever will. We value our prestige just as highly as you value yours, and so let's get together on the tyre question right away.

DUNLOP

RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED

Founders throughout the World of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry

Phone 2248

20 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

Cables: "Pneumatic"

FOREIGNER PUT ON TRIAL FOR RLS. 500,000 FORGERY

Michael Doll Pleads Not Guilty To Charge Of Forging Russian Notes

Charged with the forgery of rouble notes to the amount of over half a million roubles Michael Doll went to trial before Sir Haviland de Saumarez in the British Supreme Court yesterday. The accused pleaded not guilty to the following two charges:

(1) For that he, in the month of October, 1918, at 176 Kuling Road, with intent to defraud, did forge 14,784 documents purporting to be 40 rouble Treasury notes of the Russian Provisional Government, contrary to section 4 of the Forgery Act, 1913; and

(2) For that he, at the same time and place, did knowingly and corruptly cause and procure one Dee Doh-foo to commit forgery by forging 14,784 documents purporting to be 40 rouble Treasury notes of the Russian Provisional Government, contrary to section 11 of the Forgery Act, 1913.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, Crown Advocate, appeared to prosecute and Messrs. S. M. Wallace, H. C. Pope, C. R. Burkill, P. G. Tait and S. Chilver were chosen to serve as jurymen. Doll was not represented by counsel.

The evidence briefly, Mr. Wilkinson said in addressing the jury, would show that Detective Sergeant J. Robertson, on information received, went to the house of a Chinese named Dee Doh-foo. Here he found bank notes and paper and materials for making such notes as the forgeries. Chinese within the place, on being questioned, stated that a foreigner had asked them to do the work of printing the notes. While the police officer was there the accused walked into the house. He would make no explanation other than to say that he had walked into the wrong place.

Mr. Charles Metzler, Russian Vice-Consul, testified that no authority had been granted for printing of rouble notes in Shanghai and said that the notes, though good imitations, were undoubtedly forgeries. Mr. C. Birchhoff, cashier of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, also testified to the falseness of the notes and evidence of the arrest and discovery of the forgeries was given by Detective Sergeant J. Robertson. The Chinese printer testified that the accused had been in his place twice on the day of the arrest.

When the evidence for the prosecution had been concluded the case was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning when the accused will produce witnesses in his behalf.

WU TING-FANG PRESIDES AT CANTON CELEBRATION

Reception Given By Military Government In Connection With Victory Festivities

(Reuter's Pacific Service)
Canton, November 27.—The whole foreign community today attended the reception given by the Military Government in celebration of the signing of the armistice. Dr. Wu Ting-fang presided at the function and among the speakers was Mr. J. W. Jamieson, Consul-General for Great Britain, doyen of the Consular Corps. Tomorrow there will be a grand parade of representatives of the army, navy, boy scouts and students, while on the 29th there will be a parade, water floats and a lantern procession.

News Brevities

Vice-Admiral K. K. Lang will give a dinner at the Astor House Hotel Monday evening in commemoration of the Allied Victory.

A \$2,000,000 paper mill is being organized by certain Cantonese capitalists in Shanghai. The Company will be known as the China Machine Paper Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and will have its office at the corner of Hongkong and Ningpo Roads. It is expected that the factory will be opened for business next spring.

In honor of the Allied victory, Lieut.-General Mee Jhan-yuen celebrated the occasion at noon yesterday by cordially inviting his many co-religionists, Chinese and foreign, to dinner in the Mosque on Chekiang Road, where Mollah Haji Mahomed Saleh, together with others, offered fervent prayers to God for the world peace.

Northern papers record the death of Second Lieutenant White, son of Ishop and Mrs. White of Kailang, which took place in London. Lieutenant White died of pneumonia.

Mrs. J. M. Lewis has purchased the interests of the florists' business known as the "Shanghai Nurseries" at 95 Soochow Road. The business will be carried on hereafter under the style of the "Lewis Nurseries."

The China Critic publishes a list of 20 Germans who are now interned in the Temple of Abstinence near Peking. They are: Von Hammerstein, Cordes, Von Calatin, Wind, Schild, Wollersheim, Ernst, Gross Kleh, Lieber, Gorke, Hellsold, Mertsch, Reich, Rosenberger, Wiegand, Schuelke, Rudolph, Paul and Wolf.

The Shanghai Rowing Club "Smoker" will be held tomorrow evening, beginning at 8 o'clock.

The Peking Government will shortly issue instructions to all the Ministries to devise means for the disposal of the Chinese laborers when they return from Europe.

SHOWS NEED OF CHANGE IN BRITISH CONSTITUTION

Lord Robert Cecil Urges More Easy Consultation Between Parts Of Empire

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, November 25.—Lord Robert Cecil, speaking at Hitchin, emphasised the necessity of improving the constitution of the Empire. He did not agree with the Australian Premier's complaint about not being sufficiently consulted with regard to the terms of the armistice, but he thought that the complaint indicated a weakness in our present imperial arrangements, as we had no regular means of consulting the Dominions. Something must be done to improve imperial consultation and imperial unity. Lord Robert Cecil aroused the greatest enthusiasm by declaring that there was no feeling more widely and more deeply held than that those responsible for the war should be punished irrespective of rank or position.

Over 30 years ago the late Lord Beaconsfield (as he was called) received from HIMROD'S CURE, and every post brings similar letters today.

HIMROD'S CURE FOR ASTHMA

FAME FOR 40 YEARS.

Sold in tin by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country. Beware of imitations.

Southern Military Men Willing To Make Peace

But Terms They Submit To Central Government Are Somewhat Vague

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, November 24.—General Li Tuchen of Kiangsu at Nanking, has sent a communication to the Central Government stating that he has received messages from Generals Lu Yung-ling, Tan Yen-kai, Tan Ho-min, Chen Ping-kun and other Southern leaders to the effect that they are willing to discuss "actualities and law," at the forthcoming conference at Nanking. This is generally taken to indicate that a settlement is near, but there is some anxiety as to the sort of settlement in view.

Everything turns upon what is meant by "actualities." The Chinese phrase used is capable of two interpretations. It may either mean that the South is willing to admit the fact that the legalities and the illegals are not each of them all on one side, and to accept an arrangement that will be a real compromise between technical legalities and the actual needs of the situation; or it may mean that the Southern leaders are willing to make an admission in the above sense provided that Southern leaders shall not be overlooked in the appointments to follow the settlement.

The former interpretation means a genuine settlement; the latter means a settlement on the principle of dividing the spoils, and that simply means that when at some later stage the domestic balance of power becomes disturbed by changes in the official hierarchy the whole trouble will be upon us again.

As I have said above, there is some anxiety here as to which of these two settlements the South offers, but it is generally thought, though the wish may be farther to the thought, that the South is anxious for a settlement based on a reconciliation of actual facts of the present situation with what is admittedly the somewhat embarrassing refusal of the law to be accommodating. One of the factors that is believed to have had very con-

siderable influence on the South in bringing it round to a reconcilable mood is the recent article by Dr. Willoughby pointing out that the position of neither North nor South, from the legal point of view, is unassailable. It is not supposed that the South has learned for the first time from Dr. Willoughby's article that its legal position is not unassailable, but this is the first time the legalities of the case have been thoroughly examined and laid before the public, with the result that public sympathy for the South, both abroad and in China, is now tinged with a feeling that after all the Southern claim to be strictly constitutional rests on very slender foundations. It might be urged that neither is the Northern position legally unassailable. That is true, but the reply to this criticism, given by the Northern leaders themselves, is that the North never made any profession of being strictly constitutional, that the North has recognized for a long time that the strict terms of the constitution are impracticable, and so the North was making an attempt to accommodate actualities with legalities, which is precisely what, on the better interpretation, the South now professes itself willing to do at the conference.

To the student of constitutional



STILL BOOMING!

THE WING ON CO. (Shanghai), LTD.

The largest department store in the East.

BE WISE! and acquaint yourself with

"THE 'BIG STORE'"

OTHERS ARE SAVING — WHY NOT YOU?

SEE OUR LATEST DISPLAY OF CHOICE WINTER SUGGESTIONS

Everything of the newest and brightest.

Fresh stocks by every ship.

A VISIT WILL CONVINCE YOU

The Wing On Co. (Shanghai), Ltd.

Chekiang and Nanking Roads

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING



Refracting and Manufacturing
TORIC LENSES
Accurate lens grinding. Sun Glasses and Goggles.

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
69 Nanking Rd.—Tel. Cent. 1243
(Two doors above Honan Rd.)

GOOD YEAR TIRES

FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

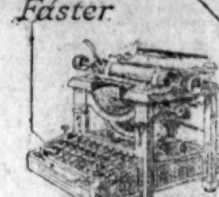
CONGOLEUM RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

Three ways of writing letters



By hand



By typewriter



By the new Self Starting Remington 15% to 25% time savings

The new Remington invention keeps the machine busy from the first word to the last.

It makes every typist—no matter what her speed—a much faster operator.

It forces more work out of the machine.

SELF STARTING REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

Grand Prize—Panama-Pacific Exposition

A speed gain of 15% to 25% will interest you. Write for descriptive folder or 'phone for a surprising demonstration of this time saver in your own office.

MUSTARD & CO., (Sole Agents)

22 Museum Road,

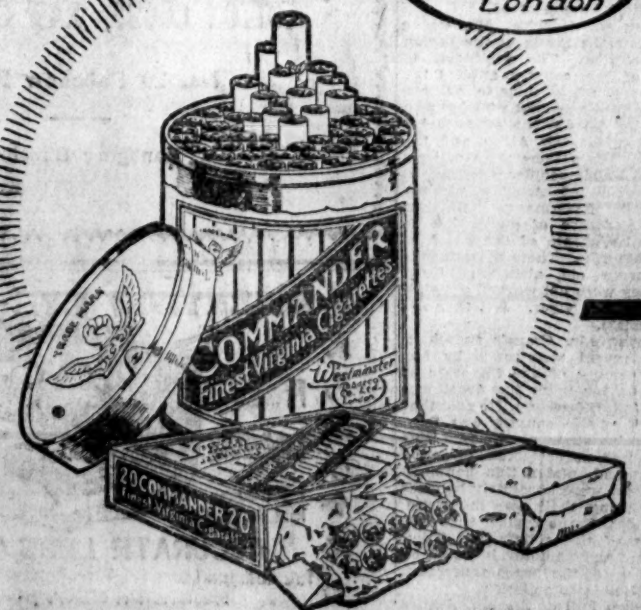
Shanghai.

"COMMANDER"

"Commander" stands supreme in its power to satisfy the most fastidious smokers. It is a mild, pleasing cigarette made in a "Super Size"....

"Commander must be smoked to be appreciated"

Westminster
Tobacco Co., Ltd.
London



龍飛 The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. **龍飛**

(Established 1851)

SOLE AGENTS FOR:

Automobiles Berliet, Lyon..... Berliet Cars
The Studebaker Corporation of America..... Studebaker Cars
F. B. Stearns Co., Cleveland, O. Stearns-Knight Cars
Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit..... Scripps-Booth Cars
Fabbria Italian Automobili Torino..... Fiat Cars

Receives regular monthly shipments of the above-mentioned cars, with the exception of Berliet and Fiat cars which cannot be shipped during the duration of the War.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis.. Storage batteries
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corp., Chicago..... Stewart produce

Large stocks of all kinds of motor accessories and supplies

龍飛 All kinds of Automobile repairs undertaken **龍飛**

Owners of the largest and best equipped **COACH-BUILDING WORKS** in the Far East

which designs and constructs all types of bodies, from commercial vans to luxurious pleasure cars. Estimates prepared free of charge.

TELEPHONES:
General Office No. West 1248. Garage Nos. West 1202, and West 1213

Impressive Church Service Marks Thanksgiving Day

(Continued from Page 1)

America has to give thanks for the wonderful opportunity which she has had to serve the world; she must give thanks for the great Christian leader who pointed out the way and for the people's great response to the call; she must give thanks for the way in which our institutions have borne the strain of the shift from a life organized for peace to effective service in the opposite direction. And we have further to give thanks for the opportunity of service which America will have at the Peace Conference and for the opportunity of joining in the great task of rehabilitation which for years must follow the war.

Mr. Crane then spoke of President Wilson, referring chiefly to the President's spiritual side and emphasizing his firm trust in the Divine occasion for the problems which have arisen to confront him and his implicit faith that the way to their solution would be shown. In conclusion Mr. Crane spoke of the Empire of Humanity which the President has conceived and in which he asks the enlistment of all peoples now that the war is over.

"We are happy at the reuniting of the Anglo-Saxon world," he said. "We must be happier for the founding of this great world Republic. All the world belongs to it and all the world must take upon itself definite responsibilities. The old empire of history fell with their leaders but this Republic which President Wilson has founded is a precious heritage to us all and nothing for which we give thanks today can surpass it."

The address was followed by a finely sung solo, "A Song of Thanksgiving," by Miss Myra B. Olive. The Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, president of St. John's University, who conducted the service, gave the prayer and benediction and the ceremony closed with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner."

Practically all of the American homes were closed yesterday in observance of Thanksgiving Day and the Stars and Stripes floated from business houses and residences throughout the city. In the evening many private dinner parties took place at the various hotels and cafes, where special menus and special dancing or musical programs had been arranged.

The five-barred flag of the Chinese Republic was also much in evidence throughout the settlements during the day, it having been declared also a day of Thanksgiving for Allied victory by the Chinese government.

Makes Talk At Chinese Chamber Of Commerce

That China will have its opportunity to remedy its past wrongs at the coming peace conference in Europe if it sends a united delegation was the assertion of Mr. Charles R. Crane, at the Chamber of Commerce last evening before a huge and representative Chinese audience.

"Send the best delegation," said Mr. Crane in part, "and you will get everything you can at the peace conference. Every representative at this conference will come with new ideals. They will all be there to give, to sacrifice and not to take whatever they can. They will be there to give, so as to insure the permanent peace and prosperity of the world. The foreign representative will deal sympathetically with China's troubles and China will be assisted by her friends."

Mr. Crane had much instructive comment upon the people of this nation who are fighting for a constitution. He likened the constitution to the roof of a political structure. He said that in travelling about China he had heard a great deal of the roof, but very little about the columns that supported the roof. China had existed for many centuries and had lived in culture and civilization. There must be some fundamental reason for this and he added that no constitution would be suitable unless based on a thorough study of the village life and social system in the interior. In these, he said, there were many precious and valuable institutions which must be preserved.

Turning to America, Mr. Crane stated that the ideals of the nation were altruistic. The president, as leader of the country, applied the doctrines of Christianity to politics. Not only did he do that with his own people, but he did the same in his dealings with the Allies and the neutrals. His actions were entirely approved by his people. Contrary to the altruism of America was the materialism of Germany. The Kaiser used the forces of civilization to oppress the people of the world as well as his own. These materialistic ideals were, old, although in old times they were not worked out with such force and vigor. But they are now obsolete.

Following Mr. Crane's speech, a stirring appeal was made by Mr. Liu, a member of the Chamber of Commerce, for more just treatment in China's tariff system. He said that the tariff of the country was fixed for her by other countries. This tariff offered no protection to native industry and under this handicap the Chinese were absolutely helpless in developing their own industries. To this Mr. Crane replied that this was one of the reliefs that China should get and no doubt it would be brought up at the peace conference by the Chinese commission.

The huge hall of the chamber of

commerce was crowded and the address was enthusiastically received. Mr. Chu Pao-san, chairman of the Chamber of Commerce, presided. Mr. Shen Lien-fang, vice-chairman of the chamber, introduced the speaker. Mr. David Z. T. Yui, of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., effectively interpreted Mr. Crane's address. Tea and refreshments were served at the conclusion of the program.

MR. CRANE LEAVES

Mr. Crane left Shanghai last evening on the Suwa Maru on his way back to the United States.

NAVY Y.M.C.A. HAS PARTY

The Navy Y.M.C.A. rooms on Nanjing Road last evening were the scene of an enjoyable program arranged in celebration of Thanksgiving Day. Practically all of the American blue-jackets in port were present as well as a large number of civilians, both ladies and gentlemen. The entertainment program included songs by Miss Myra Olive, Mrs. Frank Rawlinson and Mr. Francis Gill, clever legers, mainly by Mr. Donne, assisted by Mr. W. B. Smith, and some excellent readings by Mr. A. Q. Adamson. Miss Alice Fitch accompanied at the piano for the musical numbers and following the program there were games and refreshments. The very tasty refreshments were in charge of Mrs. Harvey and Mrs. George Fitch.

FIRST THANKSGIVING DAY CELEBRATED BY CHINESE

Temples And Churches Have Services On Observation Of Allied Victory

Yesterday for the first time Chinese celebrated Thanksgiving day. It was the official Government ordered observance of Allied victory and yesterday, being America's day of Thanksgiving, was chosen as an appropriate date.

In the morning the religious institutions, including the Christian Churches, the Taoist and Buddhist Temples in Shanghai held special services. Especially interesting were the ceremonies in the latter place of worship. The temples were decorated for the occasion and prayers were said and lessons chanted for the peace and prosperity for the nation.

The Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Ivan Chen, gave a reception in the morning to the Allied Consular officials, the gentry and leading merchants in Shanghai. He was assisted by his two secretaries, Messrs. S. K. Chen and N. T. Yang, and the Magistrate of the French and the International Mixed Courts. Criminal sessions at the International Mixed Court were suspended.

In the evening the Chinese Y.M.C.A. held a special Thanksgiving dinner at the gymnasium. Messrs. S. K. Tsao and H. L. Huang and Pastor D. Y. Tai spoke. A vocal duet was rendered by

Meadames C. F. Li and K. S. Zee, accompanied by Mrs. Dong.

MILITARY REVIEW IN PEKING

A grand military review of Allied and Chinese troops was held in Peking yesterday morning, according to a Peking telegram last night. President Hsu Shih-chang was the chief reviewing officer, supported by the Allied Ministers, prominent officials and political leaders. The capital was beautifully illuminated and profusely decorated. All the Chinese papers appeared in red. They will suspend publication today and tomorrow.

NINGPO CELEBRATES

Ningpo, November 26.—Ningpo has had several celebrations and services in honor of the recent victory in the two weeks which have just passed. As soon as the news of victory reached here Consul and Mrs. R. S. Pratt sent out an invitation for all Allies and friends to gather at H. B. M. Consulate in the evening and celebrate in an informal way. Nearly all the foreign population of the city attended and a very happy time was enjoyed by all. On the 15th a service for Thanksgiving was held in the English church on the Race Course at 10:30 in the morning. The Venerable Archdeacon W. S. Moule addressed the service in a masterly way.

That afternoon invitations were issued by the Taoyin to all the foreigners and the leading Chinese of the city to meet at the yamen the next morning. Upon arrival at the yamen we found the place decorated with the flags of all the Allies and with lanterns and other decorations. The company was led out to another room where a very good program of addresses and toasts was given. Among the most prominent of the speakers were the Taoyin, the Chief of Police, H. B. M. Consul, R. S. Pratt, Commissioner of Customs Pierre Kremer, and Mr. Maignon, the two latter being veterans of the war.

The following Wednesday, the 20th, the Protestant Chinese churches held a union service in the Pu-shin Presbyterian church; the service was addressed most ably by the Venerable Archdeacon Moule and Rev. J. E. Shoemaker, D.D., the church was crowded to its utmost capacity. On the next Saturday at 10:30 a.m. there was held a service in the French Catholic Cathedral on the Bund, which was attended by a great number of foreigners and Chinese.

In the evening of the same day, Nov. 23rd, at St. Joseph's College, Campo, one of the finest events that has ever been held in Ningpo was a banquet in honor of the victory of the Allies. About sixty people attended. The banquet itself was a most sumptuous one in every way and was enjoyed by all. Following the banquet a program of toasts was given which was much appreciated and applauded by the listeners. Consul Pratt acted as toastmaster and opened the program by proposing toasts to the rulers of all the Allied Nations.

Following is the program of local toasts:

The Allied Forces, proposed by Mr. R. S. Pratt.
The Allied People, proposed by Mr. P. Kremer.
The League of Nations, proposed by The Taoyin.
The Prisoners of War, proposed by Rev. Ellery Smith.
The Allied Red Cross, proposed by Mr. C. Ogiwara.
The Redeemed Peoples, proposed by Mr. F. R. Borioni.
The speakers were representatives of the Allied nations and most of the speeches were given in three languages, English, French and Chinese. There was also present a Belgian who addressed the audience in Chinese and French. Following the above program the audience had the pleasure of watching a fine display of Chinese fireworks. The rest of the evening was spent in singing of popular war songs and visiting, and all left declaring the evening one of the most enjoyable ever held in Ningpo.

'The Serpent'

Theda Bara, famous screen vampire, will be seen at the Olympic Theatre tonight in the sensational Fox film production "The Serpent." The picture is in six parts and was brought out at a great expense by the Fox studios. The film has received much favorable criticism in other cities. It will be shown at the Olympic for four nights only.

WANT TO GET RID OF OLD TUNNEL IN KOBE

5,000,000 Yen Required To Effect Much Needed Improvement

After a heated debate it was decided at an extraordinary general meeting of the Kobe Chamber of Commerce to forward to the Imperial Government Railway a decision favoring the construction of a long tunnel, to replace the present one penetrating the heart of the city, thereby causing continuous inconvenience to city traffic. It is stated approximately 5,000,000 yen will be required to effect the improvement to the port railway. This is one of the most serious issues in Kobe and requires an early settlement.

Moscow Trio Farewell

Mr. Sirodo, the violinist of the Moscow Trio, having now recovered from his illness, the Trio will appear at the Lyceum Saturday night in a farewell concert, the last opportunity for Shanghai music-lovers to hear this pleasing combination of artists. The program will be as follows:

- 1.—Trio Theodor Dubois
- (1) Amex lent, tres expressif
- (2) Mouvement Modere
- (3) Vif et tres leger
- 2.—(a) Tres large et tres soutenu
- (b) Evening Mel Bonis
- 3.—Trio C. Saint-Saens
- (1) Reambule
- (2) Menuet
- (3) Intermede et Final

THE CARE OF THE BABY

Is every good mother's first consideration, and often enough she is so worried by the little one's aches and ills that she does not know which way to turn to find it relief. To every mother Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are a real friend. They gently regulate the bowels and stomach, break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms, cure vomiting and indigestion, and make teething easy. They promote calm, natural sleep, good appetite and regular development, are equally helpful to infants and children of all ages. Baby's Own Tablets are obtainable from chemists, or post free at 60 cents the vial, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.



The Barrett Specification Roof

Sole Agents: The Eastern Trading Co., Ltd.

83 Canton Rd. Tel. C. 441

A TREAT!

for you and your family

Bologna Sausage	Dry Summer Sausage
Salami "	Head Cheese
Cervelat "	Ham Sausage
Liver "	Boiled Ham
Garlic "	Breakfast Bacon
	Frankfurters

Our sausages, and ham and bacon, are fresh, clean and wholesome. Choice, delicious morsels—they will make your mouth water!

I. SHAININ & CO.

NEW STORE:

100 Szechuen Road, corner Jinkee
Phone orders to Central 1483

"OSRAM" - "G.E.C."

DRAWN - WIRE - LAMPS

"NO OTHER LAMP IS STRONGER"

Obtainable from all Electrical Dealers or from the Sole Importers

The General Electric Co. (of China), Ltd.

Shanghai—Hongkong—Hankow

7 Jinkoo Road, Shanghai

Phones 1806 & 1808



THE SHANGHAI PRODUCE AND STOCK EXCHANGE, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital Y. 10,000,000
Paid-up Capital Y. 2,500,000

Beginning on December 2nd, will open for dealing in

SHARES — DEBENTURES — BONDS
and
COTTON GOODS, RAW COTTON, etc.

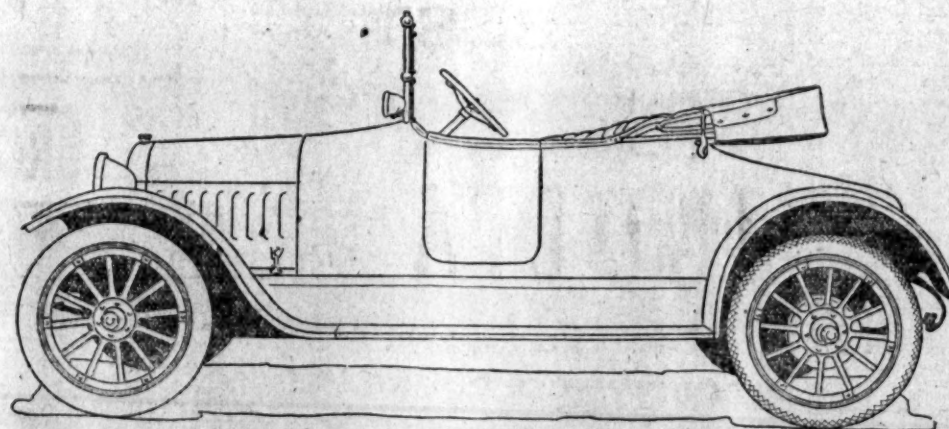
No. 19 Foochow Road

Managing Directors

D. GOH. K. YELBARA

英大馬路 Scientific Eye-Testing 中國精益眼鏡公司

Precise Duplicating
P. 352 Nanking Road, cor. Lloyd Road
ACCURATE LENS GRINDING
Toric and Kryptok Lenses, Sun-glasses, Protection Goggles & Everything Optical
Special rate to Doctor's prescriptions



INTER-STATE

Cars have a reputation for real value, real service, and real satisfaction afforded to the owner. We still have a small stock of

5-SEATER TOURING CARS

and we shall be pleased to give you a demonstration at any time.

Prices and full particulars on application to

THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO.

EASTERN GARAGE
Central 1159 and 2711

STAR GARAGE
West 197 and 131

UNEMPLOYMENT SPECTER FACES JAPANESE WORKERS

Coming Of Peace Will Burst
Many Industrial Bubbles
Created By War

Unemployment in Japan is becoming a problem among industrial workers with the coming of peace. On the assumption that peace will burst many industrial bubbles created by the war they fear to see unemployment and its evils disturbing Japan's economic life after the war. The Government apparently shares in this fear; it will ask the Committee for the Investigation of Relief Works to consider the problem when it meets this month. The Japanese authorities are credited with a statement on this problem to the following effect: That at present labor is short everywhere in the industrial world; considering the present state of affairs labor may not become superfluous even if peace burst up industrial bubbles; if labor becomes too plentiful the proportion of superfluity will be small. Apparently the Japanese Government is anxious to reorganize or establish labor exchanges and prevent the evils of unemployment through their activities. Immigration is also considered by them as one of the practicable measures.

China Rejects Demand Of Dutch Minister

Wants To Assume Charge Of
Turkish Interests In China,
Which Are Slender

The other day the Dutch Minister in Peking sent a communication to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs requesting that the said Legation be allowed to take charge of the affairs relating to Turkish residents in this country. The Walchenaup, after discussing the question for several days, has decided that as Turkey is not on any intimate terms with China and there is seldom any diplomatic dealing between the two countries, the request of the Dutch Minister should be rejected. Besides sending a reply in the negative to the Dutch Legation, the Foreign Office has despatched a circular telegram to the Commissioners of Foreign Affairs in the provinces informing them of the matter and communicated with the different Foreign Legations.

Peking Political Notes From Chinese Press

Twenty-seven Senators have introduced a bill seeking to restore General Yuan Chi-jui to power. The impeachment of Premier Chen Ning-hua will be withdrawn, say the Parliamentarians, if the Cabinet once more nominates General Tso K'un as candidate for the Vice-president. Mr. Chen has submitted his resignation, but President Hsu told him to keep in his office.

Former President Li Yuan-hung is contemplating going to Europe. He has invited Mr. Hsiung Shih-ling, former Minister of Finance, and Mr. Chang Chien, former Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, to make the trip with him.



Today's Band Program

The following program of Dance Music will be played by the Band at the Town Hall this evening beginning at 5:30 p.m.:
1. Waltz—The Sunshine Girl, Rubens
2. One Step—The Trail of the Lonesome Pine
3. Waltz—Nights of Gladness, Anclife
4. One Step—Ed Lie to be on an Island with You
5. Waltz—Up on d'Amour, Silenus
6. One Step—On the Mississippi
A. DE KAYEOL,
Conductor-in-Charge.

Shanghai Rifle Association

Siberian Red Cross Cup Shoot
Entries for the Shanghai Rifle Association's Siberian Red Cross Cup competition closed on Wednesday with ninety members of the Defence Forces entered, as follows: Japanese Co. 28; First Reserves 12; "A" Co., British, 10; Maritime Co. 7; American Co. and Light Horse, 6 each; Shanghai Scottish and "B" Co., British, 4 each; Engineers and Machine-gun, 4 each; Chinese and Portuguese 2 each; Artillery, Customs and Staff, 1 each.
The competition will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp at Mr. A. M. Collins, the Secretary, who is very pleased to receive more entries. The entire proceeds, after deducting expenses, will be devoted to the Allied Red Cross Fund. Siberian Cup Competitors: Bechynghen, J. Bartolint, T. C. Britton, W. Bozuevsky, H. Bone, H. J. Blatchford, E. J. Cameron, N. Y. Chan, G. L. Campbell, H. J. Cranfield, A. M. Collaco, A. F. Diniz, A. C. Davis, I. Dawson, G. Dunlop, A. W. Dixon, T. J. Ellis, J. Evans, E. F. Fleming, H. Fernandez, P. George, C. E. Grant, A. C. Godby, William Hu, E. R. Howe, E. Heen, R. K. Hykes, W. H. Harvey, F. Hinton, F. E. Hodges, J. A. Hayes, Y. Hori, R. Ho, O. L. Ibert, M. Iggan, K. Izutani, J. Johansson, D. Kadwara, S. Kikura, H. W. Lambert, C. Luby, D. McAfliter, W. McCulloch, K. McKelvie, C. E. O. Mayne, P. W. J. Melville, T. W. Mitchell, C. W. Marshall, W. J. Monk, N. Mizuo, S. Morisawa, C. Matsuno, T. Nagake, T. Nagasawa, O. Nakamura, K. Nakashima, H. Nishiki, K. Nomura, T. Ohshima, S. Ohtsuki, S. Okada, L. Ogino, S. H. Peck, W. T. Rose, L. E. N. Ryan, H. Ryie, H. G. Robinson, E. Reeves, P. Smith, G. H. A. Snow, F. W. Snape, H. R. Sturt, S. A. Sloan, T. Sasaki, R. Senda, K. Tanaka, Y. Taniura, M. Tanimasa, C. M. Thomson, W. J. Terrill, H. W. Taylor, H. Tobias, E. F. Thorpe, A. White, G. Wilder, C. E. Whitmore, G. Wainnabe, K. Yamashita, T. Yamauchi, Y. Yoshimura.

Basketball

Four basketball games, each of one half, were played yesterday at the Rowing Club. First the Rowing Club team played the Navy team, winning by 29 to 1. Then the Y.M.C.A. instructors played the Y.M.C.A. Members, winning by 24 to 3. Then the two winning teams played, the Y.M.C.A. Instructors beating the Rowing Club by 15 to 7, after which the two losers met, the Navy beating the Y.M.C.A. Members by 7 to 6.

The line-ups of the four teams follow:
Y.M.C.A. Instructors: Swan, Hoh, Tung, Koo and B. Wong.
Navy: Flaherty, Folsom, Cunningham, Draper, and Mack.
Y.M.C.A. Members: Hening, Starrett, Wilner, Hykes, and Kay.
Rowing Club: Scott, Kline, Neprud, Rodger, Haskell and Little. Mr. Bradley refereed.

Saturday Football

St. John's University vs. S.R.C. 1st XI
St. John's University and the Shanghai Recreation Club 1st eleven will meet tomorrow on the University ground. The S. R. C. XI are requested to meet at the clubhouse at 2:15 p.m. sharp.
The S. R. C. team will be—G. Canda, L. P. Quincey, B. H. Smith, S. Emamooden, A. M. A. Hansen, C. Smith, G. Johanson, E. J. Cooke, A. Sofoulis, W. T. Manley and T. Emamooden.
S. R. C. 2nd XI vs. Willows F. C.
The S. R. C. 2nd eleven will meet the Willows Football Club on the S.R.C. ground tomorrow at 2:45 p.m. S.R.C. 2nd XI—A. Madar, M. Sereudin, R. A. Komaroff, L. Canda, J. Mahon, A. J. Smith, R. A. Manley, E. Gifford, A. J. Wilks, C. Madar and J. J. MacLachlan.

Shanghai Revolver Club

The monthly revolver competitions for the Expert's medal will commence Sunday. Officers and men of the Allied navies and army are cordially invited to participate in the Club's competitions.

Shanghai Harriers' Club

Postpone Seated Handicap
In view of the fact that there are races at Kiangwan tomorrow, making it difficult to keep a trial laid for even a short distance along the Kiangwan Road, it has been decided to postpone the Shanghai Harriers Club's 5-mile seated handicap, scheduled for tomorrow, until next Saturday. A good number of entries have been received for this event and the Honorary Secretary will receive further entries until next Monday evening. The fee is \$1.
On Sunday the Harriers will stage a slow training run of 5 miles over the course to be used for the handicap. The start will be from Hongkew Park pavilion at 10 a.m. There will be no racing during the run.

Kiangwan Races Tomorrow

The International Recreation Club will have its 49th race meeting at Kiangwan tomorrow afternoon when a program of eight races will be run off. The first saddling bell is at 1:15 sharp and special trains will leave for Kiangwan at 12:25, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00 p.m.

Christmas Presents

that are different!

A large variety of attractive
novelties just received

SQUIRES BINGHAM CO.

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"
17a Nanking Road

LAOU KIU CHWANG & CO.

P. 128 Nanking Road, Shanghai

SILK, SATIN, CREPE, GAUZE,
PONGEE, EMBROIDERY, FURS,
LACE, ETC., ETC.

Drapers, Milliners, Outfitters
and Haberdashers

Telephone: Central 3169

Branch at	Our Prices	Established in
Tientsin	are the lowest in Shanghai	1857

BURGLARY AND THEFT



in the
Foreign Settlements
may be guarded
against by
Insuring
Your
Property
with the

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Co.
8B, KIUKIANG ROAD, TEL. 70
LIBERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

MACBETH, PAWSEY & CO.

have just received a new stock of

ARROW SHIRTS

in the smartest of shades and designs and in all sizes. Also Collars and Gloves, Dressing Gowns, Spats, Socks, Ties, Etc. A complete assortment of Winter Wear.

Boys' Eton Collars

MACBETH, PAWSEY & CO.

The "Master-Key"
to
the lamp sockets.



Brilliant
wire lamp



Tokyo Electric Co.,
and
China Lamp Co.,
Show Room
P564, Nanking Road,
Shanghai
Phone, C. 4907.

THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

Are now located at

No. 10 THE BUND

Telephone:
Central 3083

Cable address:
"SIMMONS"

Under the auspices of Pathe-Phono-Cinema-Chine at the **OLYMPIC THEATRE**

TONIGHT

November 29th and 30th, December 1st and 2nd

FOUR NIGHTS ONLY

William Fox Presents **THEDA BARA** — Siren Vampire of the Screen
in

"THE SERPENT" — "THE SERPENT"

A Big Super-production, in Six Parts

Don't miss the opportunity to see this wonderful moving picture. Book early to save disappointment.

PLANS AT MOUTRIE'S

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated
Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Cloudy, misty weather with fresh to strong northeast winds in the south.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 29, 1918

Where America Stands

A postcard has just reached us from an unknown person calling himself "Perplexed" bearing on the subject of America's good faith in her fight against militarism. There is internal evidence of the communication being from a German. It is not our rule in the ordinary course of things to take notice of anonymous communications, but we depart from our customary practice in this instance. The letter follows:

"Navalism no less than militarism is a loathsome disease, and grows with what it feeds upon. At the very moment when hostilities have ceased, and the German Navy has been completely vanquished, the U.S.A. the great peace-loving nation, as we are continually being told—announces her intention to proceed with her huge naval program. Whom does she fear? Surely not Japan. I think you will admit, Mr. Editor, that the prospect of establishing a League of Nations is none too rosy if the mad race of armaments is still to continue, for war is the inevitable outcome of preparation for it. Perhaps the thought that the U.S.A. is out for world domination, yet it is hard to close one's eyes to ugly facts, and if your country intends to step into the Prussian jackboot, we have fought in vain. Trusting that you will find space to enlighten us, as to what it all means, Yours truly,

"Perplexed."

We readily comply with the request of our anonymous correspondent to enlighten him. Our correspondent, in writing as he does, tries to falsify the whole history of navalism. Perhaps he has a short memory. If so, we will refresh it. Does he not remember the heroic attempts that were made only a few short years ago to persuade Germany to curtail her intensive naval construction? When Mr. Winston Churchill was head of the British Admiralty, he offered to Germany a "naval holiday." In other words, a temporary cessation of armament building by Germany concurrently with Great Britain.

The offer was rejected. It fell on deaf ears, because Germany was determined to make war, and make it in her own time and in her own way. Germany's war guilt has been conclusively established by her own former Ambassador to Great Britain, Prince Lichnowsky, whose damning disclosures have just been reinforced by the publication of the Bavarian papers which add fresh proof, if that were needed, of Germany's guilt. These incriminatory papers reveal the fact that the sending of the Serbian Note was plotted long before July 26. Before the crisis of July, 1914, the whole world, of course, was vaguely aware that Germany in some subtle way was planning to break the peace of the world, but the inner workings of that colossal plot are now bare before us as clearly as if they were written on the heavens in lightning.

Regarding the dubiousness felt by our correspondent as to the precise motives of the United States in proceeding with her naval program, we see that his communication to us is dated November 27, therefore he could not have seen the American wireless announcement published in yesterday's issue to the effect that the American naval estimates for 1920 already have been cut nearly by half. Not only that, but Mr. Baker, the Secretary of War, has just announced that he intends to reduce the American Expeditionary force in Europe to about half its present strength and he promises to make further reductions as fast as the situation warrants it. Does that satisfy "Perplexed"? It ought to. America's motive in coming into the war against her will, and her intentions in the coming era of world reconstruction, are as clear as daylight. None but the intellectually dishonest can doubt them for a moment.

Intellectually dishonest? It may be that or it may be the mental disease known as paranoia that has brought upon Germany her present humiliation. Paranoiacs are the persons you find in insane asylums who think they are Napoleons, Alexanders, Peters and Fredericks The Great.

Of course, those who are intel-

lectually dishonest believe all other people to be like them. That has been one of the fundamental errors of the German Government in this war. When Britain said to Germany that if the German army invaded Belgium, Britain would declare war on Germany, Berlin didn't believe it. Berlin thought that Britain was lying.

When the United States said that if Germany did not cease committing crimes at sea that the United States would declare war, Berlin didn't believe it. Berlin thought that the United States was lying. Certainly when you hear a man declare that all the rest of the world is dishonest and only he is honest, you will at once decide he is crazy or else that he is intellectually dishonest, lying for a purpose. That was the German attitude towards the rest of the world.

There is another form of lunacy commonly referred to as "systematic delusional insanity," one effect of which is to cause the person so afflicted to believe all the rest of the world is oppressing and persecuting him. This class has to be locked up to keep it from committing suicide or murderously attacking its supposed enemies. A large portion of this form of insanity is hereditary, so if the German people have been taught for fifty years that the whole world was against them it is not unlikely that the obsession has become a disease in the later generations.

We don't know where to place "Perplexed."

Diplomacy Need Not Be Supported By Sword

(Japan Advertiser)

Discussion of the peace question continues to be an absorbing topic in the columns of the Japanese press. Mr. Masumi Oishi, a prominent politician, who was formerly leader of the Doheimai, in an interview with the *Nokumai*, says that one of the important matters to claim the attention of those assembled on the peace board will be the disposition of the German colonies. Whatever may be the intention of the other Allies regarding the disposal of the German colonies under their occupation it will be necessary that Japan should not return to Germany her colonies in the Pacific which have been captured by Japan for the sake of peace in the world. Of course it does not necessarily mean that the colonies should be retained by Japan; their disposition must be discussed and determined by the Allies.

If the peace conference makes satisfactory progress and a treaty of peace is concluded it may be hoped that the peace of the world will be maintained at least for the next century. What claims attention in such circumstances is military extension which is insisted on by the military clique. The guiding principle to be followed by Japan in the future will be one of peaceful development of the country though of course it does not mean the neglecting of necessary national defense. Especially will it be necessary for Japan to pay particular attention to the manufacture of aeroplanes, submarines and other new weapons and the art of handling them. Attention should also be paid to the training of officers and men who go to the first line of battle in case of eventualities. Provided this is done there will be no necessity of keeping a large number of men under the colors as any number of fighting men may be turned out at short notice in case of emergency as events in the war have demonstrated.

It is not difficult to imagine, continues Mr. Oishi, that the reduction of naval and military armament will be carried out by all countries as a result of the war. Apparently the time is fast passing when it is thought necessary that diplomacy, to be successful, must be backed up by gunboats. All that is required of the diplomats in the future is honest, straightforward dealing and an unflinching insistence on what is right and reasonable. The fault of Japanese diplomacy has been its weak, vacillating character, afraid to maintain its point to the last. In future, however, the conduct of diplomacy need not be supported by the sword.

Mr. Kenzo Ikeda, president of the 19th Tank, remarks that now the war has been virtually brought to an end it will be necessary that the attitude of the Japanese relating to the main line of policy to be pursued by Japan on the peace board should be definitely mapped out. The guiding principle to be adopted by Japan at the peace conference should be impartiality and disinterestedness and to try always to keep in touch with the Allies. She should refrain from displaying insular instincts and aiming at small gains as such an attitude is apt to cause suspicion among the Allies and arouse their disgust. In short, Japan should not make any demand for material acquisition as it would not be difficult for her to obtain a superior position in China, North Manchuria, Mongolia and Siberia if her material strength is

Thoughts On The Present Discontents In China

By H. H. Brayton Barn

II. Race And Reconstruction

(Note: This is the second of a series of four articles devoted to a consideration of the situation in China, with some suggestions concerning the reconstruction of the country, the restoration of order and discipline, and the placing of the country on the pathway to progressive and peaceful development.)

FROM these general considerations we turn to their bearing on the problems with which China is faced today. Our first consideration is the racial one. All the nations are of one flesh and blood, so teaches the great religious classic of the West; but the West nevertheless enacts its exclusion laws. "All beneath the Heavens are One Family," and "All within the Four Seas are Brothers," have been Chinese platitudes from time immemorial; yet the first coming Europeans were popularly and officially termed "barbarians," and an exclusion policy was adopted towards them until by force of arms the term and the exclusiveness that it involved were broken down. Now that East and West know each other better they respect each other more, but it is doubtful whether they really are nearer to each other. That the East and the West differ from each other does not imply the superiority of either. To be quite frank, each in his own heart—the unreasoning part of him—holds by his own superiority; but the dispassionate student will not admit the prejudice into his judgment. That East is East and West is West is certain; even those who come to the East with Western light and leading most emphatically, and somewhat unkindly, insist upon "Chinese Characteristics," which infallibly mark the differences between the two. The differences may be no more fundamental than the differences between the polar bear and the brown bear; they may be merely the result of selective processes tending to adaptation to environment; but they are there.

The question then arises whether importations from the West ought to be, or can be, successfully introduced into the East. (The importations here alluded to refer of course only to mental, moral and spiritual importations. The material importations will come in without difficulty.) Experience, short as it admittedly is, seems to say. No. Take Japan as an instance. Japan is usually looked upon as a nation that has within the past half-century westernized itself; but those who know Japan best know that nothing of the sort has happened. Japan has adopted certain western industrial and military methods, and some semblance of western political institutions, nominally based upon western models. But what does this really mean? In the case of industrialism and militarism it is simply a case of protective mimicry, a very common device in human as well as other nature. The Japanese excel at imitation. In the case of political institutions there is probably also something of the same conscious or unconscious attempt at protective imitation, so far as these institutions have any reality; but it is generally conceded that for practical purposes representative institutions might just as well never exist in Japan. There is less real self-government in the new Japan than there was in Belgium during the German occupation, or normal Hongkong, and that is very little indeed; there is less even than there was in Imperial Russia, and that is putting things at a minimum. The wisest statesmen of Japan have instinctively grasped the fact that democracy, as understood in the West, is foreign to the genius of the Japanese people, and whilst admitting a semblance of it, a device of protective mimicry, they have carefully fostered the real genius of the people, the spirit of dependence upon a benevolent and divine ruler. This spirit pervades the whole educational and military and political system, and Professor Basil Hall Chamberlain has shown with elaborate detail one of the methods by which the spirit is being fostered; whilst the West is

well replenished. It is true that the British and Americans have been looking askance at Japanese activities in China and the South Seas, and this will be an additional reason for Japan to refrain from any movement which is apt to offend their susceptibilities.

As regards Russia, Mr. Ikeda proceeds, it is desirable that Japan should give her all possible assistance financial or otherwise, as the restoration of order and government in Russia is as much to her interest as to Japan's. As to the disposal of Tsingtao it should be returned to China as was set forth in Japan's declaration of war unless, indeed, it is decided at the peace conference that it should be retained by Japan as a guarantee of peace in the Far East. If it is decided to return Tsingtao to China it will be well for Japan not to claim anything from China in return as it is likely to help her in her economic enterprise in China.

steadily pursuing Erastianism and is taking religion out of the hands of the state, Japan is daily strengthening the religious supremacy of the monarchy and deliberately creating a new religion, Mikadoism or Mikadotry. In the eyes of the advanced Western radical this is a step backwards; but everything depends on the point of view. "Whatever is best administered is best," is but a crude statement of the principle of pragmatism applied to politics; and certainly, if the greatest happiness of the greatest number be any criterion, Japan was far better governed before so-called democratic institutions came into existence than she has been since. Centuries of interaction between environment and organism have adapted the Japanese people to a certain form of political life; in recent years there have been certain minor changes in environment, but unwise advice led to drastic attempts to change the organism, with disastrous results. The lesson has at last been learned, however, that for slight change in environment but slight adaptation of the organism is required. Protective mimicry has done all, or nearly all, that was needed to enable the nation to pass through the critical period, and a different adaptation, more closely consonant with the race genius, is giving it a new hold on life in the modified environment. Western conceptions have never found a congenial home in Japan, and there is much less reason why they should do so, at least for many generations to come, in China. The complete dissimilarity of the European and Japanese mind had been the prime cause of this uncongeniality. The chasm between the western and the Chinese mind is still greater, for the Japanese has an almost uncanny simian knack of imitation. The Chinese genius is much more deep-rooted. The Chinese people have been for many generations thus the Japanese under the formative spiritual influences of Buddha and Confucius, and the influence has been much more direct. Whilst Confucianism and Buddhism in Japan are but little more than skin-deep—as witness the readiness of their adherents to give place before official Mikado worship, and to coalesce with Japanese Christianity—they are in China the very foundations of the spiritual life of the people. So much so is this the case, and so different in type is the Chinese genius from the European, that Christian missionaries admittedly anticipate that as soon as the Christian church in China becomes a coherent unity it will present to the world a new form of Christianity, unlike Orthodoxy, or Catholicism, or Anglicanism, or Methodism or Quakerism, or any other form of Christianity at present known.

If these things are true, and in the main they are, it would appear that the attempt to reconstruct the body politic on the western plan, by means of violent changes, is foredoomed to failure in itself, and it certainly offers most tempting opportunities for intervention from without during the process; and it is indeed possible that only external dissensions have up to the present ward off this danger. What the radicals in Parliament were doing may be compared with an attempt to make a man out of a fish by cutting the fish into a human shape, fashioning its fins into arms and its tail into legs, and attempting to justify the procedure by the argument that man is descended from a fish. The attempt would be disastrous to the fish, and the resultant "man" would be a weird grotesque. The pre-revolution reformation was an unconscious attempt to adapt the organism to the slowly changing environment, and it was going its natural course when the ill-advised radicals, overlooking the lessons of all history, that neither men nor nations conduct themselves on purely rational principles, began their attempt to abbreviate the evolutionary process. Embryologists tell us that between the moment of conception and the moment of birth the embryo passes through practically all the stages of its parents' age-long evolution. The radicals in China not only want to jump these stages, but they overlook the fact that the embryo is the offspring of parents that have reached their present standard of perfection only as the result of almost interminable modification operative through countless ages. They are misled by such phrases as "the rebirth of a nation." They overlook the fact that birth and rebirth—if ever the latter were—must be of like kinds or they are sterile, as in the case of the mule.

Nobody will deny the intellectual brilliance of Young China; but neither can one deny the characteristic instinctive genius of the Chinese people, and in this case as in countless others instinct is a surer guide than intellect. It was an infallible instinct that led Yuan Shih-k'ai, or his advisers, to contemplate a return to a political system altogether more in accord with the traditional sentiments of the people than the one that the radicals advocated. Whether in form, a nominal President or a nominal Emperor, the natural head of the Chinese people should be one in whose hands supreme power, real power, is deposited. The genius of the people calls for this. It is commonly said that the Chinese people are docile and law-abiding. The fish is docile and law-abiding so long as he is in the water; but put him in the air or into an oil tank and he struggles violently, against he knows not what, but in reality he is struggling to get back to his own environment, instinctively, blindly, just as a drowning man struggles to get back to his own environment. In China for the past seven years, a precisely similar struggle has been going on. It has often been remarked that China is a democracy, that the people are democratic, and we are referred to Chinese guilds and like institutions in support of the contention. It is, however, only by a special use of the term "democracy" that such statements can be held to be true. The Chinese does not ask that the people shall rule; he asks that they shall be ruled in accordance with principles that will give the farmer, the artisan and the merchant entire liberty to carry on their occupations without let or hindrance. That is all that is meant by democracy in China. If it is reducible to a formula it may be described as "Government of the People, for the People, by the Governors," and only when in practice it becomes "Government of the People, for the Governors, by the Governors" does the popular disapproval express itself in rebellion.

The facts may as well be faced. Democracy, representative institutions, popular government, republicanism and the like, as understood in the West, are entirely foreign to the Chinese inherited instinct, and cannot thrive on Chinese soil until many generations have come and gone. The fact that this is so does not imply any inferiority in the Chinese as a race, compared with Western races. It simply means that the two differ. The ideals of the one may be quite as admirable as those of the other, at any rate he would be an exceedingly presumptuous adventurer into the regions of the speculative who should categorically assert the superiority of the one over the other. The supreme Buddhist holds that virtue varies inversely with activity, and complete virtue is not reached until Nirvana. The Christian holds up the vision of "life, and life more abundantly," which of the twin is to be preferred only an intelligence beyond the human can decide. West and East differ. Western institutions do not pummel themselves to the inner judgment, the inherited prepossessions, the racial prejudices if you care to call them so, of the East except with formidable modifications. In China there has been a deliberate attempt to disturb the political organism by making it digest unmodified Western institutions.

The conclusion for practical statesmen is obvious. They must have regard to the traditional instincts of the people, and a group of "intellectuals" stands in the way; that group may possess all the intellectual virtues, even the virtue of intellectual honesty, a virtue most discommoding to the rest of mankind; but higher in the scale of practical values is that instinctive wisdom that understands that intellectual virtues and human sympathies do not always meet on friendly ground. As already noted, Yuan Shih-k'ai's instinctive turning to autocracy was in the nature of practical wisdom of a high order. His methods may have been all wrong. Of this there may be legitimately two opinions, and it is for his successors to display a higher degree of wisdom than he did in their attempts to frame political institutions that shall better suit the Chinese race spirit than those at present in vogue. They will meet with opposition, of course. A drowning man instinctively struggles to get back to his proper environment, and in many cases his struggles result both in his own death and in that of his would be savior. When Yuan Shih-k'ai attempted to save the drowning body politic he became involved in its struggles and lost his life in the effort. It may be that his successors will suffer a like fate, but the possibility of this should not deter them from the making the most strenuous effort. An effort is being made to fasten upon China political institutions for which she is at present, and perhaps permanently, unfitted, and her unfitness does not spell inferiority; the attempt to enforce these institutions at the present stage, might, and probably would, end in her undoing. It is for those in authority, for those who have the power, to prevent the catastrophe.

"FIGHTING BOB"

Manila's Finest Cigar

Specially selected Isabella and Bagayan Tobacco, with imported Sumatra wrappers, in the following shapes:

Admirals 50 \$ Pennants 50 \$
Selectos 50 \$

"The Ideal After-Dinner Smoke"
Try them and be convinced.

Boyes, Bassett & Co.

Marine Fire INSURANCE Motor Car Life

At Lowest Current Rates

Yang-tze — Fire

New York Life—Life

S. British—Marine

Railway Passengers—

Equitable—Fire

Motor Accident



Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

Telephone Central 778

GOOD YEAR TIRES

FOR MAXIMUM MILEAGE

HIRE CARS

\$3.00 Per Hour
\$1.00 Minimum

'Phone Central 4257

The Hudford Garage

89-91 RUE MONTAUBAN



Refracting
and
Manufacturing

Dr. John Goddard
Optician

Toric Lenses

Insoluble Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley, M.D.

36 Nanjing Road, Tel. 1928

YOUR APPEARANCE IS YOUR FIRST ASSET!



May we suggest:

STETSON HAT

ARROW COLLARS
AND SHIRTS

INTERWOVEN AND

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY

WOOLLEN UNION SUITS

SMART NECKWEAR

DRESS VESTS AND

NECKWEAR TO MATCH

Our present stocks are exceptionally SMART and STYLISH.
Your inspection will be cordially appreciated.

SILBERMAN'S OUTFITTING STORES

1b Broadway

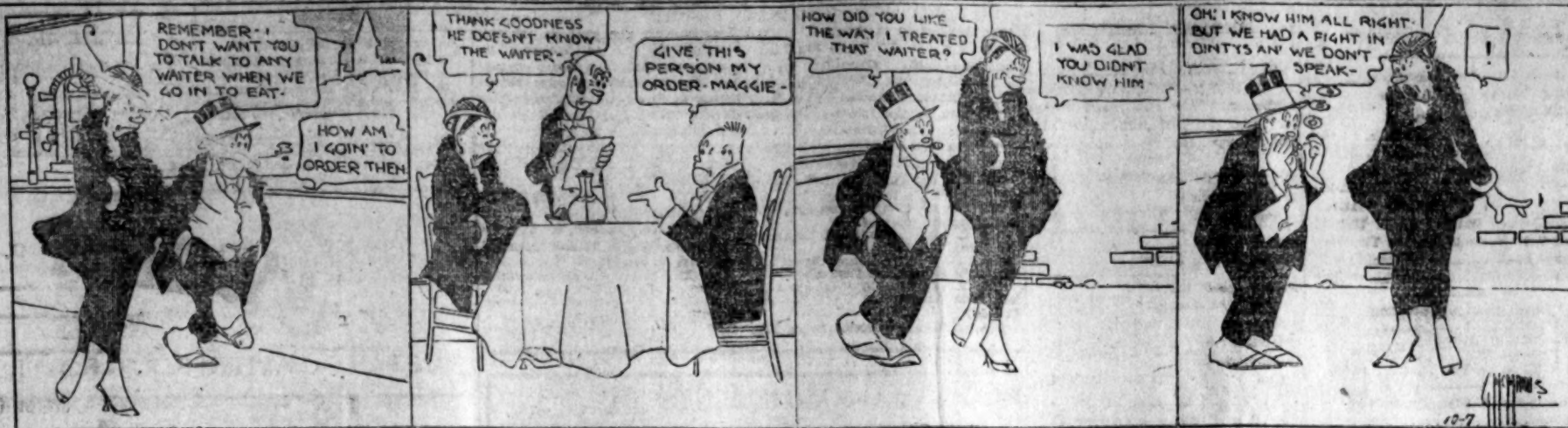
(opp. Astor House)

Tel. North 2237

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the
Leisure HourKeio Professor Pleads For
Advancement Of Colored Races

Mr. H. Mestake Abe, professor at Keio University, in an interview with the Kokumin, speaks as follows regarding a League of Nations, which is receiving considerable attention in the Allied countries:

"One of the essential conditions to the success of a League of Nations will be a thorough understanding among the countries joining the League without which it will be impossible to maintain it. It should be

borne in mind that an economic war which will no doubt begin to be waged among the countries of the world on the restoration of peace will have a distinct tendency to neutralize the maintenance of the League of Nations. It will be quite natural that the belligerents should try to heal the financial wounds inflicted by the war as speedily as possible by means of economic activities such as the extension of commercial markets abroad.

In such circumstances the conflict of interests among the countries forming the League of Nations will follow as a natural outcome and the situation is likely to be more complicated by the intervention of a racial problem. In my opinion the proposal as to a League of Nations is a by-product of the war psychology and though no doubt, unimpeachable as an ideal, it has an element which renders it very difficult of practice. In short, it is open to grave doubt whether a League of Nations is practicable as a peace measure.

"One of the most interesting questions in connection with the war that will claim the attention of the peace conference is the remuneration to be given to the colored people for the services rendered by them in the cause of the Allies. It had been generally understood that the use of colored people for warlike purposes was prohibited by international law but in the present war this stipulation has been more honored in the breach than in the observance. And it has been fully demonstrated that the

colored people are not inferior to white people in their fighting capacity.

"Of course I am not in a position to know what the peace conference is going to concede to the colored people for the part they have played in the war but if I be allowed to indulge in conjectures the peace conference will be disposed to allow them where possible autonomous government in place of the harsh, oppressive administration as is the case at present. With the improvement in the system of their government the living of colored races should be placed on an easier and more secure basis than is the case now by the removal of tariff walls and other means; better education be given them so that they may be enabled to occupy a better social and political position and generally led along civilized and enlightened paths. The revolutionary upheaval which is now agitating various countries of Europe has no doubt been caused by the self-consciousness among the different races and the giving of an improved status as suggested above will be quite in keeping with the tendencies of the times."

ing of our destroyers across the Atlantic, the work of the submarine hunters and of our battleship fleet which is co-operating with the British fleet. One phase of the work of the navy, for which it has not yet had the recognition it deserves, is the efficient way in which it has guarded the ferrying of our troops across the Atlantic. The author goes into this matter with considerable detail, and the reader will find it an inspiring chapter.

One very interesting section takes up the careful and scientific development of the art of camouflage as devoted to securing low visibility for ships at sea. He compares the two very different systems of the British and the American navies and shows how in our own navy the attempt has been to work out certain principles of light, color, and vision. Naval aerobatics gets a chapter of its own, in which its development is described and its achievements narrated, together with instances of the heroism of some of its fliers.

An account of the organization of the Naval Reserve and of its development and the way in which the welfare of the men in it and in the navy is being cared for is followed by a chapter on our ever beloved Marine Corps, which makes a rapid survey of their story and tells something of their organization and achievements. The final pages of the book are devoted to a resume of some of the most important of the manifold things the navy has done of which the public knows little. For instance, the Naval Consulting Board probably has never been heard of by most people in the United States, even by those who have been offered because their letters to the Navy Department offering invaluable inventions to the Government have not received immediate attention. Through its hands pass all the "dumb" devices, and inventions submitted by the public, and ever since we entered the war it has been almost clogged under by letters and offerings. Within a year it examined and acted upon 50,000 letters enclosing detailed plans and often accompanied by models. That is an average of about 200 per working day.

Mr. Perry enlivens his pages with many anecdotes and with brief men-

Our Navy's Part In The War

Our Navy in the War. By Lawrence Perry. Illustrated. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. \$1.50 (gold).

Very early in his book, in his dedication, in fact, and again in his foreword, Mr. Perry heartily makes the acknowledgment due to Secretary Daniels for the efficient way in which the American Navy has functioned during the war. In the foreword he says:

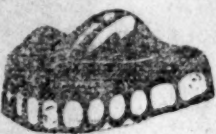
"Under the constructive leadership of Josephus Daniels the navy is doing its enormous bit in a convincing manner. It took the personnel of the navy—that is, the commissioned personnel—a long time to discover the real character and personality of Mr. Daniels. It is not too much to say that many of them were hostile to his administration, but the war proved him for what he was. In all, Secretary Daniels exemplifies the spirit of the American Navy—and the spirit of our navy is altogether con-

sonant with our national tradition—in getting into the fight and keeping fighting. He has been the sponsor for a naval increase which sees our active roster increased from 55,000 in April, 1917, to more than 100,000 at the present time, and our fighting ships increased fourfold."

Our navy was ready, as Mr. Perry shows, to begin fighting the hour we entered the war, and did begin as soon as some of its vessels could cross the ocean. The marvelous story of its huge expansion and of its many and efficient activities during the eighteen months since then, arresting and inspiring even in the midst of all the gigantic manifold achievements of the country, he tells in a series of chapters which take up one by one the varied phases of its growth and effort.

There is less popular knowledge of this story than there is of that of the making of our army, because much of what the navy has done it has been necessary to keep as secret as possible, while its expansion, being in the form of a regular and natural increase, has been less spectacular and interesting than has been the formation and training of the army. Therefore, because comparatively little is known about it, the public should be all the more eager to read Mr. Perry's informing and authoritative volume. And a large part of the public ought to read it with a keen sense of shame and be filled by it with the desire to make amends for former impassioned calumniation of an able and honest public official by solemnly vowing never again to traduce a public officer for partisan reasons or at the word of a clique that is trying to tear him down.

Mr. Perry tells of the early work of the navy as soon as we entered the war, in the arming of merchant vessels, the patrolling of the waters of the Western Hemisphere, the send-



Dr. C. CAMERON

DENTAL
SPECIALIST38 Nanking Road
SHANGHAI

Office Hours

9 to 12
2 " 6

We will buy your KODAK

or sell you one in exchange

Burr 2 Brothers



Dance-lovers—

Get a Victrola and a dozen Victor Records on our easy payment plan and you'll be able to dance whenever you wish—and to the best music in the world.

Victrolas, \$15 to \$400

VICTOR AGENTS

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

SAFETY HOT WATER
CIRCULATING BOILERS

The Gas Boiler is intended to supersede or act as an auxiliary to the Coal Range, the result of installing one of these Boilers as well as a Gas Cooker, is that the Kitchen can be kept absolutely sweet and clear. As Gas is only burnt when required there is no waste of fuel.

On Hire or For Purchase

For particulars apply to:

The Engineer

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

5 Thibet Road

Or, our Showroom: 29 Nanking Road

Since War
broke out

10,000

Oliver

Typewriters

have been bought by
H. B. M. Government
for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal
Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

CONGOLEUM
RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

ing out the German submarine bases, and other matters. It is altogether a wonderful and enthralling story that he tells, and one that ought to be read by every American who wants to know what his country's defenders are doing and who is a good enough American to be thrilled by their achievements.

DOG ANSWERS TELEPHONE

Recognises Number Of Rings And Calls Mistress

Taffy is a dog, living on a ranch in Oregon. The telephone at Taffy's is on a party line, and when anyone of the seven parties on the line is called the bell rings in the home of all the others. Of course, each one has his respective call, one bell, two bells and so forth, and the subscribers pay no attention to any call but their own. The call at Taffy's house is four rings. And how Taffy learned to do this no one knows. He was not taught the trick, but wherever his mistress is when the telephone rings four bells Taffy will go to her and give four short barks. He never makes a mistake, never barks other than four short barks, never goes to her unless the call is four rings.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Money Market

Dealer's Service
 London, November 22.—Today's quotations are:
 Consols, 2½% for account 150½
 French 5% for account Fr. 65
 Cheques on London at
 Paris Frs. 25.95½
 Telegraphic Transfers on
 London at New York G. \$4.76½
 Japanese 4½ Bonds Y. 81
 Rupee Paper, 3½% Loan
 1854-55 Rs. 54
 Bar Silver 48½d.
 Bank Rate of Discount 5%
 Market Rate of Discount
 (3 month's Bank Bills) 3½%
 Exchange Hongkong (Docu-
 ment Bills at 60 days) 3½%
 Exchange on Shanghai (Docu-
 ment Bills at 60 days) 5½%
 Hongkong and Shanghai
 Bank Shares 196
 Shells (ord.) 6½/-
 India (Pref.) 4½/8
 India (Def.) 3½/8
 Plantation Rubber,
 December 4/4½

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSINCable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin.
 Delightfully situated, facing
 Victoria Park, and located in
 the Centre of the Town's Life
 and Business.
 Spacious and Luxurious
 Dining and Reception Rooms.
 Every Bedroom with private
 bath and toilet.
 First Class Cuisine and
 Selected Collar, under Foreign
 supervision.
 Central Heating, Electric
 Light, Modern Sanitary Ar-
 rangements.
 Hotel Motor-Omnibuses and
 Porters meet all Trains and
 Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

The China Mutual Life Insurance
Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage
 of the present high rate
 of exchange to provide for
 the future education of their
 children.

Write to us for particulars
 of our Special Policies, at
 10 Canton Road,
 Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL

79, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road.
 Seven minutes from Bund by tram.
 Strictly first-class cuisine under the
 personal supervision of the proprie-
 tress. Separate baths, hot and cold
 water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98

The undersigned, as agents for the
 above company, are prepared to grant
 policies against Fire on Foreign and
 Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 28, 1918.
Money And Bullion
 Sovereigns: buying rate.
 @ 5/0=Ts. 3.93
 @ exch. 73=Mex. \$5.39
 Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.
 @ 121=Ts. 32.64
 @ 73=Mex. \$113.20
 Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.725
 Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 264
 Copper Cash per tael 1818
 Native Interest Tls. 14
Latest London Quotations
 Bar Silver 48½d.
 Bank Rate of Discount 5%
 Ex. Paris on London Fr. 25.95½
 Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. \$4.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations
 London T.T. 5/1
 India Demand 5/11
 Paris T.T. 240
 New York Demand 662
 New York Demand 121
 Hongkong T.T. 66
 Japan T.T. 44
 India (Pref.) T.T. 287
 Singapore T.T. 162
Banks Buying Rates
 London Demand 5/2
 London 4 m/s. Cds. 5/3½
 London 4 m/s. Docs. 5/3½
 London 6 m/s. Cds. 5/4
 London 6 m/s. Docs. 5/4½
 Paris 4 m/s. 687
 New York 90 d. Docs. 122½
 New York 4 m/s. Docs. 123½
Roubles Exchange
 Today's Bank Buying Rate
 For Roubles
 Roubles 1.050 Tls. 700
 Roubles 100 Mex. \$13.00
Customs House Exchange Rates For
November
 Hk. Tls. 3.47 @ 5/11 £1
 " 1 @ 1.50 Mex. \$1.50
 " 1 @ 674 France 7.51
 " 0.72 @ 122½ Gold \$1
 " 1 @ 44½ Yen 2.48
 " 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.80
 " 1 @ Roubles 4.80

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, November 28, 1918.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
Official
 Langkate Tls. 20.25
 Almas Tls. 8.00
 Koda Bahros Tls. 5.50
 Zhanghs Tls. 5.00
Unofficial
 Kunyik Cotton Tls. 16.00 Dec.
 S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1911 & Tls. 84.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, November 28, 1918.
BUSINESS DONE
Official
 Langkate Tls. 20.25 cash
COTTON MARKET
 Dealer's Service
 London, November 22.—Today's
 Cotton prices were:
 Egyptian Fully Good Fair
 Sakelardis 27.56d.
 M. G. Fine Scinde and
 Bengal 18.33d.
 Good Middling Texas 1½ inch
 staple 22.53d.



Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return
 of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign
 Settlement) for the week ended
 November 27, 1918, with figures for
 the corresponding week last year:
 1918 1917
 Gross receipts \$41,683.62 \$32,120.15
 Loss by currency depreciation 9,681.43 6,889.74
 Effective re-
 ceipts \$32,002.19 \$25,230.40
 Percentage of loss by
 currency deprecia-
 tion 24.34 22.74
 Car miles run 85,531 76,905
 Passengers car-
 ried 1,877,911 1,466,008

U.K. METAL MARKET

Dealer's Service
 London, November 22.—Today's
 Metal prices were:
 Standard Copper G. M. B.
 L.O.B. Nominal 122 5/8
 American Electrolytic 99
 90% Copper L.O.B. 127 0/0
 Lead L. B. C.M.F. per ton. Nominal
 Soft Lead "Spanish" L.O.B.
 not 29 0/0
 Quicksilver, second hand
 ex warehouse L.O.B. (18
 extra in flask) Nominal
 Manganese Metal, L.O.B. London
 or Liverpool (less 1%) Nominal
 Standard Tin (cash) 319 0/0
 Spelter (ordy soft) L.O.B. 52 0/0
 Galvanised Sheets 24
 gauge L.O.B. Nominal 28 5/8
 Standard Tin (3 months) 290 0/0

BAR SILVER

Dealer's Service
 London, November 21.—Today's
 Silver prices were:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48¾d. steady.
 Previous quotation, London, Nov-
 ember 20:
 Bar Silver Spot, 48¾d. steady.

Launch Services

TODAY
 The tender conveying passengers
 and mails on board the R.V.P. s.s.
 Shublink will leave the Customs
 Jetty at 4 p.m.
TOMORROW
 The tender conveying passengers
 and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s.
 Tenyo Maru will leave the Customs
 Jetty at 2 p.m.

Shipping Items

Nagasaki for Shanghai on Wednesday
 and may be expected to arrive to-
 day. She will be despatched for
 Hongkong and Manila tomorrow.
 The T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru left
 Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednes-
 day and is due at Wusung to-
 morrow morning. The tender convey-
 ing inward passengers may be ex-
 pected to reach the Customs Jetty
 about 9 o'clock. The Tenyo leaves for
 San Francisco via Japan, Korea and
 Honolulu the same afternoon and the
 tender will leave the Customs Jetty
 at 2 o'clock.
 The C.N. s.s. Sonning left Hong-
 kong for Shanghai yesterday.
 The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin
 for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai
 yesterday.
 The C.N. s.s. Wusung will leave
 Hankow for Shanghai today.
 The C.M. s.s. Kiangsu will leave
 Hankow for Shanghai today.
 The N.Y.K. s.s. Sanyang Maru left

will leave Hankow for Shanghai to-
 day.
 The Blue Funnel European liner
 Cyclops left Hongkong for Shanghai on
 Wednesday at 5 p.m.
 The C.M. s.s. Kiangsu will leave
 Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
 The N.Y.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will
 leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
 The N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura Maru left
 Nagasaki for Shanghai on Wednes-
 day and may be expected to arrive
 today.
 The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru
 will leave Moji for Shanghai today
 and is expected to arrive next Sunday.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Nankin from Han-
 kow: Mrs. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Rowe,
 Mr. and Mrs. Ovelles and Mr.
 Karanagh.
 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from
 Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Roberts
 and 2 children, Mrs. Y. Stevens, Mr.
 and Mrs. B. Hall, Miss A. Furian,
 Messrs. R. M. Levings, C. L. Fiedler,
 F. Graham, A. E. Keegan, C. C. Shen
 and P. Y. Hear.

CONGOLEUM
RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket
\$50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of
 China on the 2nd April, 1918.

To be drawn among 50,000 successive numbers in full view of the
 public in Shanghai, China on the 1st December, 1918.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at \$0.60, the proceeds of which
 after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the
 Hunan Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association
 reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above ob-
 jects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing proportional re-
 duction in the allocation will be made.

Prices for whole tickets \$6.00.

LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1 First Prize	\$50,000
1 Second Prize	10,000
1 Third Prize	5,000
2 Fourth Prizes	\$2,000 each
2 Fifth Prizes	1,000 "
2 Sixth Prizes	500 "
10 Seventh Prizes	100 "
20 Eighth Prizes	50 "
50 Ninth Prizes	40 "
800 Tenth Prizes	20 "
2 Each approximate to the First Prize	300 "
2 Each approximate to the Second Prize	150 "
2 Each approximate to the Third Prize	100 "
4 Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50 "
499 For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	18 " 8,982
499 For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize	15 " 7,485
499 For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize	12 " 5,988
998 For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize	10 " 9,980

3,394 drawn tickets

Total \$125,735

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.
 All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association
 (271-6, Boulevard des deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will
 be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

THE CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

LYCEUM
THEATRESaturday, November 30th
at 9.15 p.m.Farewell
ConcertTHE
MOSCOW
TRIO

Booking at Moutrie's

Direction: A. STOK.



APOLLO THEATRE

NORMA TALMADGE

in

"THE SOCIAL SECRETARY"

A Five Part Fine Art Film. It is an original and clever melodrama with plenty of quick, lively
 comedy and will be just the tonic to liven you up after "Celebrating."

A GOOD ARTISTE — A GOOD STORY — A GOOD CAST — WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK

MATINEE
Saturday 4 p.m.

"PRINCESS ROMANOFF"

M. GEORGIEV

Dramatic
Tenor.

MME. ALEXANDROWA

Operatic
Soprano.

Direct from the Principal Opera Houses of Russia and now en route to Australia to fill a long engagement

Selections from Grand Opera Nightly

"RIGOLETTO" "TOSCA" "PAGLIACCI", etc., etc.

A MUSICAL TREAT FOR SHANGHAI

MATINEE
Sunday 3 p.m.

WHO IS NO. 1?

Episode 3 "THE SEA CRAWLER"
4 "THE MARINE MIRACLE"

TONIGHT

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

BENJAMIN AND POTTS
SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Opening
H. K. and S. B.	\$645
Chartered 180 CN	
Russo-Asiatic Tls. 200	

Marine Insurance	
Canton \$385 B.	
North China Tls. 116 B.	
Union of Canton \$550	
Yangtze \$200 B.	
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd. Tls. 28 1/2	

Fire Insurance	
China Fire \$160 B.	
Hongkong Fire \$340 B.	

Shipping	
Indo-China Def. Tls. 180	
Indo-China Pref. Tls. 180	
"Shell" Tls. 33 1/2	
Shanghai Tug (d) Tls. 37 1/2	
Shanghai Tug (f) Tls. 37 1/2	

Mining	
Kaitum Tls. 10 B.	
Oriental Cons. Tls. 21	
Philippine Tls. 0.60	
Haub Tls. 32 1/2	

Docks	
Hongkong Dock \$162 B.	
Shanghai Dock Tls. 143 1/2	
New Eng. Works Tls. 25 B.	

Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf Tls. 97 1/2	
Hongkong Wharf \$101 B.	

Land and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land Tls. 80 B.	
China Land Tls. 50	
Shanghai Land Tls. 99 1/2	
Welshland Land Tls. 8	
Shanghai Hotels Ltd. Tls. 60	
China Realty (ord.) Tls. 60	
China Realty (pref.) Tls. 60	

Cotton Mills	
E-wa Tls. 300	
E-wa Pref. Tls. 97 1/2	
Laou-kung-mow Tls. 184	
Oriental Tls. 60 1/2	
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 80 1/2	
Kuang Tls. 16 1/2	
Yangtzepoo Tls. 8 1/2	
Yangtzepoo Pref. Tls. 90	

Industrials	
Euler Tiles Tls. 25	
China Sugar \$90 B.	
Green Island \$81 B.	
Langkats Tls. 91 1/2	
Major Bros Tls. 110 B.	
Shanghai Sumatra Tls. 110 B.	

Stores	
Hall and Holts Tls. 112 B.	
Llewellyn Tls. 112 B.	
Lane, Crawford Tls. 97 1/2	
Moutrie Tls. 112 B.	
Watson Tls. 112 B.	
Weeks Tls. 112 B.	

Rubbers (Local)	
Alma Tls. 8 B.	
Amberat Tls. 0.50 B.	
Anglo-Java Tls. 8 1/2	
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 3.85 B.	
Ayer Tawah Tls. 20 B.	
Batu Anam 1918 Tls. 0.70 B.	
Bukit Toh Alang Tls. 0.70 B.	
Bute Tls. 1.02 1/2	
Chemor Unitag Tls. 1.02 1/2	
Chempedak Tls. 1.02 1/2	
Cheng Tls. 2.10	
Consolidated Tls. 2.10	
Domintion Tls. 61 B.	
Gula Kalumpayan Tls. 61 B.	
Java Consolidated Tls. 61 B.	
Kamuntink Tls. 51	
Kapala Tls. 0.50	
Kapayang Tls. 27	
Karan Tls. 101	
Kota Bahoes Tls. 51 B.	
Kroowok Java Tls. 12 B.	
Kudang Tls. 0.50 B.	
Permatan Durian Tls. 4 1/2	
Permatan Tls. 21	
Repah Tls. 0.60 B.	
Samaragaya Tls. 0.65 B.	
Seakwe Tls. 1 B.	
Seamambu Tls. 0.75 B.	
Sonawang Tls. 81 B.	
Shanghai Kibang Tls. 0.55 B.	
Shanghai Malay Tls. 10	
Shai Malay pref. Tls. 11 1/2	
Shanghai Panang Tls. 1.02 1/2	
Sungai Tls. 11 1/2	
Sungel Duri Tls. 3.90	
Sua Manggis Tls. 0.55 B.	
Shai Kalumpayan Tls. 0.62 1/2	
Shanghai Seremban Tls. 11 1/2	
Taipin Tls. 0.80	
Tanah Merah Tls. 15 1/2	
Tebong Tls. 21	
Ulobri Tls. 4.90 B.	
Zianghe Tls. 4.90 B.	

Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber Tls. 150 B.	
Cully Dairy Tls. 101	
Shai Elec. and Ash. Tls. 66 1/2	
Shanghai Trams Tls. 24	
Shanghai Gas Tls. 24	
Horse Bazaar Tls. 80	
Shanghai Mercury Tls. 80 1/2	
Shai Telephone Tls. 170	
Shai Waterworks Tls. 170	

S. Sellers, S. Sales, B. Buyers	
Telephone No. Central 280	

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road	
---------------------------------	--

Mail Notices	
MAILS CLOSE	

For Japan:	
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Nov. 29	
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kokura M. Dec. 1	
For U.S. Canada and Europe:	
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo M. Nov. 30	
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia Dec. 7	

MAILS DUE	
From U.S. and Canada:	
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. Nov. 29	
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyu M. Dec. 4	

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	
Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.	
Capital \$1,200,000	
Reserve Fund \$2,000,000	
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000	
Head Office: 25 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.	
Court of Directors:	
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.	
Sir Duncan Carmichael.	
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.	
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.	
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.	
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.	
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.	
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.	
The Bank of England.	
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.	
The London County and Westminster Bankers:	
Bank Limited.	
The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.	
The National Bank of Scotland Limited.	
Agencies and Branches:	
Amritsar Illoilo Puket	
Bangkok Ipoh Rangoon	
Batavia Karachi Saigon	
Bombay Klang Seremban	
Calcutta Kobe Singapore	
Canton Kuala-Lumpur Shanghai	
Cebu Madras Sourabaya	
Colombo Malacca Taiping	
Deli Manila (F. M. S.)	
Foochow Medan Tawoy (Lower)	
Haiphong New York Tientsin	
Hankow Peking Yokohama	
Hongkong Penang Yokohama	
Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.	
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.	
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.	
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.	
A. I. D. STEWART, Manager.	

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE	
Capital Frs. 40,000,000	
Reserve Frs. 50,000,000	
Succursales et Agences:	
Bankok Hanoi Saigon	
Batambang Hongkong Shanghai	
Canton Menzies Singapore	
Djibouti Noumea Tientsin	
Dondichery Peking Tourane	
Haiphong Papoua	
Hankow Pnom-Penh	
Bankers:	
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.	
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.	
This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.	
L. ARDAIN, Manager.	

Banque Industrielle de Chine	
Capital Frs. 45,000,000	
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC	
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1918.	
President, Andre Berthelot.	
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.	
HEAD OFFICE:	
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.	
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnanfu	
BANKERS:	
In France: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.	
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.	
In New York: Redmond & Co.	
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana	
Credito Italiano	
Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts	
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.	
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.	
Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.	
G. LION, Manager.	
1 French Bund, Shanghai.	

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.	
9, Ningpo Road.	
Capital \$541,000.00	
Reserve Fund \$11,000.00	
Deposits (June 30, 1918) \$2,688,000.00	
Cable and Telegram Address: "COMSAV IANK"	
Telephone: Central 4522.	
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and distant exchange a specialty.	
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.	
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.	
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.	
Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.	
Pocket Savings Banks.	
Safe Deposit Boxes.	
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.	

The Bank of China	
(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)	
Authorized Capital \$20,000,000.00	
Paid-Up Capital \$12,279,500.00	
Reserve Fund \$1,238,552.60	
Special Reserve Fund \$1,898,932.68	
\$24,500,000	
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.	
Branches and Agencies:	
Peking Tientsin Shanghai	
Tientsin Hankow	
Antung Changsha	
Dalny Nanchang	
Moukden Ningpo	
Newchwang Nanking	
Harbin Kiangang	
Kirin Hsuechow	
Tsinao Soochow	
Chaofo Wunieh	
Tsingtau Yangchow	
CHUNGKING	
SHANGHAI BRANCH:	
3 HANKOW ROAD.	
Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted.	
Interest allowed on Tael Current Account and Dollar Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:	
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.	
For 6 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.	
For 12 months at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.	
SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.	
Shanghai, 1st Nov. 1918.	

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger	
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique	
Societe Anonyme	
Paid-Up Capital Frs. 30,000,000	
HEAD OFFICE: BRUSSELS.	
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.	
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), Rotterdam.	
President: JEAN JADOT	
Gouverneur: Societe Generale de Belgique.	
Bankers:	
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.	
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.	
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.	
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne	
Societe Anonyme.	
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Alsace.	
New York: National City Bank of New York.	
Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangement.	
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.	
M. DEMETS, Manager for China.	

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited	
(Established 1880.)	
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.	
Capital Subscribed Yen 40,000,000	
Capital Paid-up Yen 42,000,000	
Reserve Fund Yen 24,300,000	
London Bankers:	
The London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.	
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.	
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.	
Branches and Agencies:	
Bombay Los Angeles S. Francisco	
Buenos Ayres London Seattle	
Calcutta Lyons Shanghai	
Changchun Hankow Shimonoseki	
Cicfoo Mukden Singapore	
Hankow Nagsasaki Sourabaya	
Harbin Newchwang Sydney	
Hongkong New York Tientsin	
Honolulu Osaka Tokyo	
Kalyuen Peking Tientsin	
Kobe Rangoon Tsingtau	
SHANGHAI BRANCH:	
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.	
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.	
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.	
K. KODAMA, Manager.	

The Bank of Canton, Limited.	
Incorporated 1912.	
Capital (fully paid) H\$ 12,000,000.00	
Reserve Fund H\$ 240,000.00	
Investment reserve fund H\$ 40,000.00	
HEAD OFFICE:	
No. 8 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.	
Shanghai Office:	
No. 2 Ningpo Road	
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.	
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.	
C. C. WONG, General Manager.	

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus U.S. \$5,000,000
Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,713,000
H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
34 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

For Eastern Branches:
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with The National City Bank of New York we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahia, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum, will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits: For 3 months at 3% per annum. For 6 months at 4% per annum. For 12 months at 5% per annum. On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up) Yen 20,000,000
Reserve Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokyo, Japan.

President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kugawaga (Tokyo), Otaru.

London: Messrs. Barclay Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

New York: The National City Bank of New York.

The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

L. KENJOH, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital \$1,500,000
Subscribed Capital \$1,125,000
Paid-up Capital \$625,000
Reserve Fund \$500,000

Head Office: 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Bombay Howrah Madras
Calcutta Ranchi Penang
Colombo Karachi Port Louis
Delhi Kota Bharu (Mauritius)
Galle (Klangan) Rangoon
Hongkong Kuala Lumpur Shanghai
Singapore

Shanghai Branch.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 3 1/2 per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH, Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up Capital: Kuiping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.

Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital Yen 20,000,000
Reserves Yen 4,650,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA

Branches:

Important places in Japan

London, New York, San Francisco

Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 29	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Nov. 29	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 7	—	Vancouver	Bonnie Dollar	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 5	—	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 7	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 22	—	Seattle, etc.	Singyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec. 23	—	Vancouver	Key West	Br.	C.P.R.
Dec. 24	—	Vancouver	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 4	—	Tacoma, etc.	Nankin	Am.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 12	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 1	—	Vancouver	Madville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb. 11	—	San Francisco	Ecador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 8	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov. 29	—	Nagasaki	Simbirak	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov. 29	—	Mohi, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 2	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 6	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 4	—	Mohi, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 7	—	Mohi, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 10	—	Mohi, Kobe & Osaka	Yamato Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 11	—	Mohi, Kobe & Osaka	Omura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. —	—	Kobe	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	—	London, etc.	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	—	London, etc.	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov. 29	—	Foochow	Hsien	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	—	Swatow & Hongkong	Kaitong	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	—	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 29	—	Ningpo	Hsin Ninghsiao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Nov. 29	—	Amoy	Hsien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	—	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Kwelin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	—	Hongkong & Manila	Yoshihiko Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 29	—	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	—	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Hsien	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	—	D.L. Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 6	—	Hongkong	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 6	—	Hongkong	Mexico Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov. 29	3.00	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	4.00	Vladivostok	Simbirak	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov. 29	7.30	Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 29	—	—	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	—	—	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 30	—	—	Toku Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 30	—	—	Shengking	Jap.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	—	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Hsien	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	—	—	Hsien	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	—	—	Hsien	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 3	3.00	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Sulyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hsien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Laenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 28	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 28	Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 28	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Yel Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Sulyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 28	Hankow	Tsengtsh	Br.	B. & S.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer, Ngankin, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, November 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer, Tuckwo, tons 3,770 Capt. Campbell, will leave on Friday, November 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. (Passengers Telephone No. 240.) (Freight Telephone No. 250.)

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Sulyang Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the C. M. Central Wharf on Friday, November 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Sulyang Maru, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsien Lee, tons 1,151, will leave on Monday, December 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. (Passengers Telephone No. 240.) (Freight Telephone No. 250.)

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer, Tuckwo, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 2, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

AMOY.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsien Lee, Captain F. M. Dillon, will leave on Saturday, November 30, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Telephone No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Singan, Captain W. McDonald, will leave on Tuesday, Dec. 3, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Telephone No. 77.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, December 5, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Mexico Maru, Captain K. Komiyama, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze Wharf on Friday, December 6, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze Wharf on Friday, Dec. 6, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Tungwah, Captain C. Smith, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, November 29, at 5 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shengking, Capt. R. A. Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 30, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIENSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Hsinkong, Captain J. Hallett, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, S. S. Hero, will be despatched on Sunday, December 1, for Peking to apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Telephone Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, December 3, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

DAIREN via TSINTAU.—The Steamer Kohoku Maru, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze Wharf on Friday, December 13, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU.—The S. S. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons Captain K. Hsienmoto, will be despatched on Saturday, November 30. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs Jetty at 2 p.m. For Passage apply to TOYO KISEN KAISHA, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI or MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on Thursday, December 5. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4 The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI or MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain I. Hamada, will be despatched on Saturday, Jan. 4. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4 The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsien, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer, Kaitong, Captain E. B. Jones, will leave from the Pootung Wharf on Friday, November 29, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.

FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Wuchang and Chungking. Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. There steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtze and Hunan Lines. The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENSIN (and Peking via TIENSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengden, Shuntien and Shengking. Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

FOR AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Sulyang, Sunning, Singan, Yungchow, Singan and Kaitong. Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailing every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

FOR NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking. Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone Central 77.

Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"

Trans-Pacific Service

BY THE NEW, 14,000 Ton Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong and Manila
S.S. Colombia Dec. 7	S.S. Ecuador Jan. 11
S.S. Ecuador Feb. 1	S.S. Colombia Feb. 8

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service
By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers
"COLUSA" 16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ" 15,000 tons
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta	For San Francisco via Cuba and Honolulu
S.S. Colusa Mar. 12	S.S. Colusa May. 1

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA

Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry. leave. AFRICA MARU.....(18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto, Dec. 4 Dec. 5

FOR HONGKONG
MEXICO MARU.....(12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiyama, Dec. 5 Dec. 6

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin, Tsingtao, and Dairen).
KOHKOU MARU.....(5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Dec. 11 Dec. 13

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KEELUNG MARU.....(3,000 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami, Dec. 6 Dec. 8

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to—
H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
O.S.K. Yangtze Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209. Tel. Address: SHOSHEN, SHANGHAI

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 28	M.N. Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 28	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov. 28	— Hankow	Taleo Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov. 28	—	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES

PACIFIC SERVICE

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

S.S. "KEYWEST"

Sails

from Shanghai for Hongkong 10th December
from Shanghai for Vancouver 23rd December

*Cargo Only.

TO CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE
via VANCOUVER

In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

S.S. "MONTEAGLE"

Sails from Shanghai about December 24th
Bookings now being made

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELERS' CHEQUES SOLD
Accepted for full face value in every city in America.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to

G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to

L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	November 30
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	December 11
KOREA MARU	For San Francisco	January 19
SIBERIA MARU	For San Francisco	January 31
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	February 11
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	March 8

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the Purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.

North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings

Phone Central 3229 (Entrance, 71 Soochuen Road.)

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

THE AMERICAN STEAMERS

"NANKING" AND "CHINA"

(15,000 TONS)

(10,200 TONS)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For London or Liverpool via ports.
(For Liverpool).

Tons	
KAGA MARU	12,500
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C. and Seattle, Washington.

Tons		
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine, Nov. 29
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Iriawa, Dec. 22

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

Tons		
KOKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. O. Ohta, Dec. 2
YAMASHIRO MARU	4,500	Capt. Y. Nakajima, Dec. 4
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi, Dec. 10

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

Tons		
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito, Nov. 30
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida, Dec. 4
YAMATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kawai, Dec. 7
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida, Dec. 11

Kobe to Seattle

Tons		
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu, Dec. 26

FOR JAPAN

Tons		
TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shiyon, Dec. —

FOR HONGKONG

Tons		
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa, Dec. 6
KAISHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa, March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

Tons		
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Iriawa, Nov. 30

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

Tons		
TANGO MARU	14,000	Dec. —
NOKKO MARU	10,000	January
KITANO MARU	16,000	Feb. —

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
M. T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE
(Published by order of the Administration)
November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Station	Express	Local	Mail	Local	Express	Local	Mail	Local
Shanghai	1645	1655	1705	1715	1725	1735	1745	1755
Wusong	1655	1705	1715	1725	1735	1745	1755	1805
Shanghai	1815	1825	1835	1845	1855	1905	1915	1925
Wusong	1825	1835	1845	1855	1905	1915	1925	1935
Shanghai	1945	1955	2005	2015	2025	2035	2045	2055
Wusong	1955	2005	2015	2025	2035	2045	2055	2105
Shanghai	2115	2125	2135	2145	2155	2205	2215	2225
Wusong	2125	2135	2145	2155	2205	2215	2225	2235
Shanghai	2245	2255	2305	2315	2325	2335	2345	2355
Wusong	2255	2305	2315	2325	2335	2345	2355	2405
Shanghai	2415	2425	2435	2445	2455	2505	2515	2525
Wusong	2425	2435	2445	2455	2505	2515	2525	2535
Shanghai	2545	2555	2605	2615	2625	2635	2645	2655
Wusong	2555	2605	2615	2625	2635	2645	2655	2705
Shanghai	2715	2725	2735	2745	2755	2805	2815	2825
Wusong	2725	2735	2745	2755	2805	2815	2825	2835
Shanghai	2845	2855	2905	2915	2925	2935	2945	2955
Wusong	2855	2905	2915	2925	2935	2945	2955	3005
Shanghai	3015	3025	3035	3045	3055	3105	3115	3125
Wusong	3025	3035	3045	3055	3105	3115	3125	3135
Shanghai	3145	3155	3205	3215	3225	3235	3245	3255
Wusong	3155	3205	3215	3225	3235	3245	3255	3305
Shanghai	3315	3325	3335	3345	3355	3405	3415	3425
Wusong	3325	3335	3345	3355	3405	3415	3425	3435
Shanghai	3445	3455	3505	3515	3525	3535	3545	3555
Wusong	3455	3505	3515	3525	3535	3545	3555	3605
Shanghai	3615	3625	3635	3645	3655	3705	3715	3725
Wusong	3625	3635	3645	3655	3705	3715	3725	3735
Shanghai	3745	3755	3805	3815	3825	3835	3845	3855
Wusong	3755	3805	3815	3825	3835	3845	3855	3905
Shanghai	3915	3925	3935	3945	3955	4005	4015	4025
Wusong	3925	3935	3945	3955	4005	4015	4025	4035
Shanghai	4045	4055	4105	4115	4125	4135	4145	4155
Wusong	4055	4105	4115	4125	4135	4145	4155	4205
Shanghai	4215	4225	4235	4245	4255	4305	4315	4325
Wusong	4225	4235	4245	4255	4305	4315	4325	4335
Shanghai	4345	4355	4405	4415	4425	4435	4445	4455
Wusong	4355	4405	4415	4425	4435	4445	4455	4505
Shanghai	4515	4525	4535	4545	4555	4605	4615	4625
Wusong	4525	4535	4545	4555	4605	4615	4625	4635
Shanghai	4645	4655	4705	4715	4725	4735	4745	4755
Wusong	4655	4705	4715	4725	4735	4745	4755	4805
Shanghai	4815	4825	4835	4845	4855	4905	4915	4925
Wusong	4825	4835	4845	4855	4905	4915	4925	4935
Shanghai	4945	4955	5005	5015	5025	5035	5045	5055
Wusong	4955	5005	5015	5025	5035	5045	5055	5105
Shanghai	5115	5125	5135	5145	5155	5205	5215	5225
Wusong	5125	5135	5145	5155	5205	5215	5225	5235
Shanghai	5245	5255	5305	5315	5325	5335	5345	5355
Wusong	5255	5305	5315	5325	5335	5345	5355	5405
Shanghai	5415	5425	5435	5445	5455	5505	5515	5525
Wusong	5425	5435	5445	5455	5505	5515	5525	5535
Shanghai	5545	5555	5605	5615	5625	5635	5645	5655
Wusong	5555	5605	5615	5625	5635	5645	5655	5705
Shanghai	5715	5725	5735	5745	5755	5805	5815	5825
Wusong	5725	5735	5745	5755	5805	5815	5825	5835
Shanghai	5845	5855	5905	5915	5925	5935	5945	5955
Wusong	5855	5905	5915	5925	5935	5945	5955	6005
Shanghai	6015	6025	6035	6045	6055	6105	6115	6125
Wusong	6025	6035	6045	6055	6105	6115	6125	6135
Shanghai	6145	6155	6205	6215	6225	6235	6245	6255
Wusong	6155	6205	6215	6225	6235	6245	6255	6305
Shanghai	6315	6325	6335	6345	6355	6405	6415	6425
Wusong	6325	6335	6345	6355	6405	6415	6425	6435
Shanghai	6445	6455	6505	6515	6525	6535	6545	6555
Wusong	6455	6505	6515	6525	6535	6545	6555	6605
Shanghai	6615	6625	6635	6645	6655	6705	6715	6725
Wusong	6625	6635	6645	6655	6705	6715	6725	6735
Shanghai	6745	6755	6805	6815	6825	6835	6845	6855
Wusong	6755	6805	6815	6825	6835	6845	6855	6905
Shanghai	6915	6925	6935	6945	6955	7005	7015	7025
Wusong	6925	6935	6945	6955	7005	7015	7025	7035
Shanghai	7045	7055	7105	7115	7125	7135	7145	7155
Wusong	7055	7105	7115	7125	7135	7145	7155	7205
Shanghai	7215	7225	7235	7245	7255	7305	7315	7325
Wusong	7225	7235	7245	7255	7305	7315	7325	7335
Shanghai	7345	7355	7405	7415	7425	7435	7445	7455
Wusong	7355	7405	7415	7425	7435	7445	7455	7505
Shanghai	7515	7525	7535	7545	7555	7605	7615	7625
Wusong	7525	7535	7545	7555	7605	7615	7625	7635
Shanghai	7645	7655	7705	7715	7725	7735	7745	7755
Wusong	7655	7705	7715	7725	7735	7745	7755	7805
Shanghai	7815	7825	7835	7845	7855	7905	7915	7925
Wusong	7825	7835	7845	7855	7905	7915	7925	7935
Shanghai	7945	7955	8005	8015	8025	8035	8045	8055
Wusong	7955	8005	8015	8025	8035	8045	8055	8105
Shanghai	8115	8125	8135	8145	8155	8205	8215	8225
Wusong	8125	8135	8145	8155	8205	8215	8225	8235
Shanghai	8245	8255	8305	8315	8325	8335	8345	8355
Wusong	8255	8305	8315	8325	8335	8345	8355	8405
Shanghai	8415	8425	8435	8445	8455	8505	8515	8525
Wusong	8425	8435	8445	8455	8505	8515	8525	8535
Shanghai	8545	8555	8605	8615	8625	8635	8645	8655
Wusong	8555	8605	8615	8625	8635	8645	8655	8705
Shanghai	8715	8725	8735	8745	8755	8805	8815	8825
Wusong	8725	8735	8745	8755	8805	8815	8825	8835
Shanghai	8845	8855	8905	8915	8925	8935	8945	8955
Wusong	8855	8905	8915	8925	8935	8945	8955	9005
Shanghai	9015	9025	9035	9045	9055	9105	9115	9125
Wusong	9025	9035	9045	9055	9105	9115	9125	9135
Shanghai	9145	9155	9205	9215	9225	9235	9245	9255
Wusong	9155	9205	9215	9225	9235	9245	9255	9305

Business and Official Notices

SHANGHAI-NANKING & SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAYS

TICKETS IN ADVANCE AND RESERVED ACCOMMODATION.

All applications for the Hire of Private Cars, Coaches, or the Reservation of Seats or Sleeping Berths on these Railways should be made by telephone or letter to the Traffic Manager, and if possible, 24 hours notice should be given. (Tel. No. North 2199).

Ordinary Tickets can be booked three days in advance at Shanghai North Booking Office for all Principal Stations on the S.N.R. or S.H.N.R. and also Tourist and Through Tickets to all other Chinese Government Railways and Japanese Lines.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
November 26th, 1918.

Storekeeper Wanted

We require a man to fill the position of Assistant Storekeeper in Peking.

Previous experience and knowledge of steam and water fittings, etc. necessary.

Send applications, stating salary required and copies of testimonials, to

The Purchasing Agent,
China Medical Board,
Rockefeller Foundation,
Peking.

FOR SALE

Owner leaving Shanghai Monday next, will sell one diamond brooch, two big pearl rings, three fur coats of different kinds and high quality, one long ermine pelerine, several French hats, etc. Can be seen from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. before Monday at Room 110.

ASTOR HOUSE

The Lewis Nurseries

The undersigned having purchased from the Proprietress, Mrs. C. F. Johnston, the goodwill, stock, furniture, fixtures and effects of the business of a Florist recently carried on by her at 95 Szechuen Road and 375 Avenue Joffre under the style of "The Shanghai Nurseries" the business will be continued by us under the style of "The Lewis Nurseries" and we solicit a continuance of the patronage of the public. Our telephone is Central 2565. All orders for flowers, floral decorations, and plants will be executed with the utmost dispatch. Shanghai, 28th November, 1918.

J. M. LEWIS,
(L. Suzuki) 鈴木良郎
(Kou Yung Kee) 廣永記

NOTICE

The public are hereby informed that Messrs. Demetre Negris and Demetre Katemopoulos have no longer any interest in the management of the Hotel de France at des Colonies, and have severed all connection with the said establishment from the first of November, 1918.

DEMETRE NEGRIS,
D. KATEMOPOULOS.

All Kinds of Furs

Special Furs, Necklets, Muffs, Best quality Black Fox Skins, and all kinds of Black Furs. A variety of Skin Coats.

First-Class Goods.
MODERATE PRICES.

S. MING KEE

870 Nanking Road, Phone C. 2835
Sole Agent.

International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

49th MEETING

30th November, 1918 (Saturday)

First Saddling Bell at
1.15 p.m. Sharp

ENTRANCE TICKETS: \$1.00
each obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS: at 12.25
p.m., 1.00 p.m., 1.30 p.m., 2.00 p.m.

TIFFINS AND REFRESHMENTS will be served at the Race Course.

By order,
Y. S. DAY, Secretary.

Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai

TENDERS FOR COAL.

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply of Coal to the Company's Electric Light Station at Lokawei and Waterworks at Tonkadou, for the year 1919. The approximate quantities required will be,

10,000 tons for the Electric Light Station, Lokawei.

1,800 tons for the Waterworks, Tonkadou.

Carriage and delivery to be at the expense of the tendering party, and coal to be weighed on delivery at the yards of the above 2 Stations.

Two deliveries to be made each month.

Further particulars as to the quantities required, etc., can be obtained upon application at Company's Offices, 75, Avenue Dubail, French Concession, Shanghai.

Tenders will be considered only from parties in possession of large, permanent stocks of Coal in Shanghai, and able to make supplies with great regularity.

Tenders to be sent in to the Company's Offices, 75, Avenue Dubail, French Concession, Shanghai, before the 15th December, 1918.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. COURSIER,
General Manager.

Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai

THE COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE DE TRAMWAYS ET D'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUES DE SHANGHAI invites tenders for the supply of various material which may be required during 1919:

in iron both rough and machined
" steel " " "
" bronze " " "
" cast iron " " "

Quotations must give prices "per lb." for each of the above 8 categories. Tenders are also invited for the supply of cast-iron brake blocks for tramcars. Prices must be given "per piece" for each of the 6 kinds required.

For further information apply at the offices of the Company, 75, Avenue Dubail. Tenders must be sent in before December 18th, 1918. The Company does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

M. COURSIER,
General Manager.

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.

Dealer in

Musical Instruments and Music.

Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

TABLE CLARETS

CUNLIFF, DOBSON & Co., Bordeaux
Red Ring Brands

Medoc

Medoc Superior

St. Estephe

St. Emilion

St. Julien

Pontet Canet

Ch. Leoville

Ch. Lafite

In Quarts and Pints

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Central 2021

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.

11284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls,
Stove Polish, Door Springs and
Vacuum Bottles.

For Sale

Aqua Ammonia Fortis B.P.
Acetic Acid Glaciale B.P.
Liver of Sulphur.

THE CHEMICAL TRADING
COMPANY,
Yao61 North Szechuen Road.

Last Day

HILL'S BAZAAR

Goods at Your Own Price

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that those bonds which the late Mr. Ting Chin Tsai (丁欽生) signed and chopped in his own name or in the name of Kin Chong & Co. as guarantor for his relatives or friends are to be henceforth considered null and void.

Signed Mason Ting (丁梅生)
Chioun Ting (丁秋生)
Sons of the late Mr. Ting
Chin Tsai (丁欽生)

Naamloze Vennootschap
Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en
Landbouw-Exploitatie in Langkat.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

As the alteration of our Statutes in accordance with the Resolutions passed at our last General Meeting has been sanctioned by the Government of the Netherlands, Indies, the New Companies have now to be registered here and it is anticipated that the scrip will be ready early in January. These Companies will be registered as 'The Shanghai Loan and Investment Company, Limited, and The Shanghai Exploration and Development Company, Limited.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 24th to 31st December, both days inclusive, and the scrip in the New Companies will be issued to those Shareholders on the Register on that date in accordance with the Resolutions.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE MCBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, 22nd November, 1918.

Now is the Moment!

If you want to buy a first class nicely situated dwelling house in

TSINGTAO

or if you need a furnished or unfurnished flat for the

Summer Season 1919

Please apply to
J. TH. MONCHEN,
House Agent,
TSINGTAO.

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZONG TEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1885)

Stocks of

Metals, Hardware and Sundries.

Contractors to

GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.

UNDERWOODS

IN STANDARD AND LONG CARRIAGES

We have just received a new shipment of the highest grade Factory Rebuilt Model No. 5 Underwood Type-writers, equipped with two-colored ribbon, back spacer, lateral paper device, and latest attachments. Complete.

FULLY GUARANTEED

to give you satisfaction and sold to you on no other basis. Our high-grade Factory Rebuilt Machines are new in every wearable part except the frame and every-one knows the frame is good for fifty years or more. It is therefore economy to buy our HIGH-GRADE MACHINES covered by our guarantee.

Let us prove it to you.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Stewart Motor-Driven

WARNING
SIGNAL



Not an "electric horn" with only a common vibrator, but a WARNING SIGNAL with a REAL MOTOR and a big push button that can be operated by the slightest touch of the hand, arm, elbow or finger.

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions

Telephone Central 3829

Henry The Tailor

From this date we have removed from

14-J Seward Road

to

1010-A Broadway

(opposite Shanghai Dock and Engineering Works)

NOTICE

Herewith we beg to notify that we have removed our office from 6 Avenue Edward VII to

No. 2 North Soochow Road

Telephone, North 462: Private Exchange to Departments.

T. E. M. A., SHANGHAI.

F. J. BLOM, Manager.

TURKISH BATH

and

MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.

Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 25 North Szechuen Rd.

NOTICE

DR. D. A. POPOVICI, specialist for diseases and operations of throat, nose and ears has resumed his consultation hours from 2-4 p.m. 103 Szechuen Road.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinman Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.

Telephone North 432.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE

8 Quinman Gardens.

To let with board, large front room with verandah and bath room attached. Accommodation for table boarders. Good cuisine. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET

167 Bubbling Well Road
A large comfortable bedroom, with bathroom attached; suitable for married couple or two friends. Use of tennis, garage, stable and telephone.

TO LET, one room, \$10.00. Wayside. Apply to Box 308, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, Western district, nice furnished attic room, with board, \$70. Apply to Box 302, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, one large unfurnished room for residence or office; steam heat, private modern bath, hardwood floor. Apply 51 Szechuen Road.

MISCELLANEOUS

TO BUY or hire, houseboat, two berths. Apply stating terms to Box 303, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATION VACANT

TEACHER and general assistant (Chinese) required for English Methodist College, Ningpo, for next academic year, to teach English, mathematics, scripture, etc. Good salary for really suitable man. Apply to Principal, giving full information, including age, experience, qualifications, references, etc.

Golofina PERFECTOS

New
Stock
Received

At All Dealers,

British-American
Tobacco Co., Ltd.
(DISTRIBUTORS)

SPECIALIST

(can speak English well)

For Venereal and Surgical Diseases, Men and Women's Diseases, Skin Diseases and Rheumatism. Injection of all kinds of vaccine serums, and 1914 (606). Test of blood. Charges moderate. (Japanese) Dr. E. WATANABE, A.M., M.D., 11 Haining Road (5th house from North Szechuen Road). Tel. North 2279.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 9

HOUSES TO LET

NOW VACANT and to let, on 1st floor, 6 Foochow Road, a fine residential flat, or offices, five-rooms, steam heated, hot and cold water, taxes, all included in moderate rental. Apply to Box 268, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED, position by Britisher, with knowledge of steel and concrete structure, also splendid knowledge of machinery in general. Outport no objection. Apply to Box 305, THE CHINA PRESS.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P.D. 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

ENGLISH PIANO for sale, excellent tone and condition. Will accept \$450, or nearest offer. Apply to Box 301, THE CHINA PRESS.

NEW TYPEWRITERS, prices very moderate. One Underwood, one Smith Premier, one Oliver and one Monarch. Please apply to Box 307, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, one new or second-hand, stock, horizontal, steam winding-engine, 100 h.p., with wire-rope drums, speed of hauling rope about 300 feet per minute, working pressure 120 lbs. per square inch. Offers to be accompanied with specification and illustration. Reply to The Yung Sheng Co., 39 Szechuen Road.

FOR SALE, Victor Victrola No. XI, with about 100 records, very fine selection, nearly 50 "Red Seal," \$350. Reply to Box 300, THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR SALE: 1919 Model 30 H.P. six-cylinder Roamer four seater fitted with Bosch Magneto, clock, spot lamp, cushion covers, cigar lighter, coil foot mats and all accessories. Property of Mr. O. Thoresen. Car was purchased in America and only run 700 miles. For demonstration and further particulars apply Auto Palace Co., 362 Avenue Joffre. Tel. West 465.

FOR SALE: A five-passenger, four-cylinder Buick, self-starter with complete electric accessories, used only a year, in excellent condition. Apply to the Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. North 2961

Dr. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine, Children's Diseases.

Dr. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases, Confinements, Surgery, Skin Diseases.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11